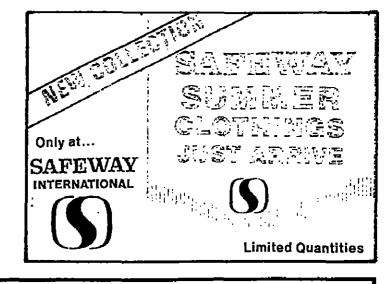
Libyan major seeks asylum in Egypt

ASWAN, Egypt (R) — A Libyan pilot landed his military belicopter on a road in southern Egypt Wednesday and asked for political asylum, a senior police officer said. Aswan police chief Farouk Hilal said Major Fathi Malyoud Al Sugheer had taken off from Kufra oasis in southeastern Libya on a military mission to Sudan, but headed for Egypt instead. Sagheer landed his Soviet-built helicopter about 100 kilometres south of Aswan on a tourist road leading to the Abu Simbel pharaonic temple, Hilal said. Several similar incidents over the past two years have aggravated already unfriendly relations between the two neighbours. Hilal said Major Sagheer complained to interrogators about Libya's involvement in the civil war in Sudan, where Libyan pilots have flown bombing missions against rebel positions in the south. In the past, Egypt has granted asylum to Libyan defectors, but has also returned aircraft and crew members who were brought against their will. In March 1987, eight Libyans in a Chinook belicopter and a C-130 transport plane landed in Egypt. Five were granted asylum while three others were returned home at their request.





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King addresses the country on recent events

Voices deep regret over destruction of infrastructure • Pledges speedy steps towards eliminating root causes . Warns against tampering with security

Accelerated moves

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday expressed deep regret over last week's tragic events in some parts of the Kingdom and said that steps would be taken to eliminate the root causes that led to the regrettable incidents.

King Hussein in a nationwide address broadcast on Jordan Television, called on the citizens to exert strenuous efforts towards rebuilding the national economy.

The monarch also announced that steps could soon be taken to speed up the process of parliamentary elections in Jordan. Following are major excerpts of the King's speech:

"I send you my greetings and affection. My address to you comes in the wake of the painful ordeal that we have overcome with the help of God. But, we all are still living through financial and economic straits which pose a real collective challenge because we belong to the one nation and have one orientation and all seek to serve the nation's highest in-

We all are concerned with protecting the security of this country because it is a security for each one of us and we are concerned with developing this society because it is a society for all of

As I address you, I feel pain filling my heart to see the 36year-old Jordanian march darkened with such incidents that happened in the past week. The past years are full of a bright picture of which I am proud and you are proud because it is an honourable image of this country.

The bright picture of Jordan cannot be completely void of dark patches here and there but these should by no means affect the Jordanian march and Jordan will, by God's will, remain an oasis of stability and a fortress of security and also land full of activity and development and construction regardless of the dif-

towards elections hance our determination and re-

> The regrettable incidents which occurred in some Jordanian cities recently represented dark patches not because they reflected protests by certain sectors of the public over a rise in prices adopted reluctantly by the government, but because of the methods to which that sectors resorted in expressing their pro-

"The incidents cause pain to those who are living including the Jordanian people. Resorting to damage, arson, and destruction and killing is not a civilised and test; neither is it a method with which the Jordanians are familiar in this country with its open channels between the citizens and government.

'The acts of sabotage were directed against state property, and public utilities like health

challenges which can only en- telecommunications exchanges and others. All these represent part of the country's infrastructure for which we have planned over the past 10 years with the hope of raising the living standards of the people and to pave the way for enabling citizens to fulfil their aspirations, progress

and tranquility. Those were public utilities for which the local residents had sought hard to build and set up and expand. The infrastructure and the building up of the Armed Forces to bolster our defences and to enable us to protect the Arab Homeland, specially as we defend the longest confrontation lines with Israel had prompted us

Was it wrong to build the infrastructure or to build up the Armed Forces? Was it wrong to have confidence in brothers who had pledged to provide us with our needs, something which en-

resorted to destroying what we had borrowed money to build. and which caused our debts to accumulate? It is like that man who borrowed money to build a home and when he felt he was in difficulty he destroyed the home. thus losing the home and rendering himself incapable of paying

back the loan? "For this reason, the past incidents were dark patches in the Jordanian march not because they took the form of self-destruction, which can only be described as disgusting, and causing

Syria denies existence

DAMASCUS (R) - Syria said Wednesday no Jordanian group was

based in Damascus or any other part of the country.

The Syrian News Agency (SANA) quoted Information Minister

Mohammad Salman as saying a group calling itself the "Committee for the Defence of Democratic Freedom in Jordan" did not exist.

Salman refuted a statement carried by Reuter attributing it to the

oup. "Such a committee does not exist. It has no office in Damascus or

of Jordanian group

distressed over the self destruction since we are the citizens of a country known for its stability and security, and a nation that prefer dialogue...? "We have aroused the envy

and jealousy of our enemy and won the admiration of friends with our achievements and accomplishments, hard circumstances and with limited resources.

There is no need for me to of this country and its surroundings, something that have been discussed and debated in our seminars and conferences.

a path normally taken by all other countries determined to survive and attain development and con-"Those nations which refuse adjustment and adaptation to new situations and prefer to re-

remind you of the circumstances main frozen and bound to disintegrate and perish. But we can never be counted among them because we have inherited those who raised the standards of the

> its principles. The financial straits which we are now confronting did not come out from the blue nor was it a result of a certain national orientation. Mistakes might have been made here and there as a result of initiatives on the part of officials with regard to priorities in domestic construction. But those who examine these mistakes carefully can only find mar-

ginal blunders compared with the

Great Arab Revolt and who de-

voted their life to the defence of

ances and the facts and what is right and what is wrong.

national responsibility which en-

to overcome them regardless of

an economic adjustment stage -

"We are at now going through

the sufferings and the pain.

"You enjoy a high degree of awareness and intelligence and you have a high standard of culture and knowledge and so you can easily realise these circumst-"You have a great sense of ables you to absorb hardships and

HM King Hussein

immensity of the financial straits we are confronting at the mo-

The difficulties we are facing came as a result of regional and pan-Arab circumstances which we went through and which left behind negative effects on our potentials that are connected to our national defence, and on our people and their morale. This has tempted the enemies of our nation to exercise various forms of pressure on us with the hope of shaking our national honourable stands. But we will continue to adhere to our national stands with pride. We have always felt these pressures but I have always

(Continued on page 2)

in Syria," SANA quoted Salman as saying. ficult circumstances and the great centres, water pumping stations "How come that when we Gerasimov explains Soviet policy in Mideast, Afghanistan, perestroika

Moscow fully backs PLO on Shamir's election plan

By Rania Atalla

Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN - The Soviet Union totally supports the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) position that elections in the Israeli-occupied territories should be part of an overall process leading to a comprehensive peace settlement, Soviet Foreign Ministry spokesman Gennadi Gerasi-

mov said Wednesday.
"We support the PLO position on the election plan, proposed by Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and which has received U.S. endorsement, said Gerasimov, who arrived here Tuesday on a three-day visit to Jordan. "As I understand, (the PLO

leadership) is now ready to discuss this plan but only... and I completely agree here... only in the context of a Middle East settlement," he told the Jordan Times in an interview.

Gerasimov said the Shamir plan, which "excludes the PLO from elections." aims at "creating quislings... traitors... puppet authorities..." Shamir's proposal calls for elections in the occupied territories to choose Palestinian representatives to negotiate Camp David-style Palestinian

ign ministers gathered in Tunis

means to split the Palestinian ranks within and outside the West Bank and Gaza Strip since it makes no provision for PLO par-

ticipation. "What kind of elections can they (the Israelis) have without PLO participation?" Gerasimov asked. The Soviet official, whose visit to Jordan follows a Middle East swing by Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze in February, also appeared to agree with arguments put forward by Palestinians that Palestinian leaders in the occupied territories could be identified through the

election, thus helping the Israelis to eliminate them. Jewish terrorists have killed elected officials in the West Bank," he pointed out in an obvious reference to several West Bank mayors elected in 1976 but who were either killed, maimed

or expelled. The spokesman reiterated the oft-repeated Soviet position that any improvement in Soviet-Israeli relations depends on "developments towards settling the Middle East conflict."

Gerasimov side-stepped a question on whether Moscow was directly in-

"autonomy" and is seen by most observers as a stalling tactic and a volved in efforts to mediate the rift between the Syrian and PLO leaderships by saying "we welcome any effort that will help bring about Arab unity."

'Arab disunity'

He lamented what he described as Arab disunity. "We have criticised Arab for disunity (which) is a very negative factor and we support any effort (to unite the Arab ranks)," he

He expressed hope that Arab foreign ministers who opened a meeting in Tunis Wednesday to discuss the Lebanese conflict would contribute to settling inter-Arab differences. Moscow supports the Arab

League's efforts to end the Lebanese strife and achieve a political solution to the 15-year-old civil war. Gerasimov said Asked whether the Soviet Union,

one of the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council, was in favour of some Western efforts to bring the Lebanese problem to the Security Council, Gerasimov said: 'In my view, we must take things step by step. You have this (Arab) foreign ministers meeting now. Let us wait for its results."

But, he said, Moscow had "no objections" to taking the Lebanese issue to the U.N. Security Council if the Arab League fails to come with a solution. "Maybe it is not a bad idea," he said.

Gerasimov described Jordanian-Soviet relations as being in "good shape" and said his visit to Amman was aimed at improving ties even further in the wake of the visit to the Kingdom by Shevardnadze two

months ago.
"Politically, we are on very good terms," he said. "We have common positions on many international issues including the aspects of Middle East situation. He said there was still room for improvement in trade relations between the two countries. Saudi-Soviet ties

In the wide-raning interview, Gera-simov also said the Soviet Union was looking forward to improving relations with Saudi Arabia, and saw no obstacles to the two countries exchanging ambassadors.

The Soviet Union and Saudi Ara-

hia do have diplomatic relations... but we do not have embassies," he said, alluding to the fact that there was no actual break in formal ties when the two countries closed their respective embassies in each other's capitals several decades ano.

The question is not if we are going to have diplomatic relations or not. Reopening the embassies is the ques-

"We are ready to reopen the embassies," he said. "It takes two to tango... we do not see any obstacles. We have good relations with other countries in the Arabian Peninsula



Gennadi Gerasimov

Asked what Moscow expected from Riyadh at this point in time towards better relations, Gerasimov said: "They must send a survey team to Moscow to find the best place for an embassy.

Perestroika

In discussing "perestroika," or the new Soviet strategy of restructuring, Gerasimov agreed that Tuesday's shake-up in the Communist Party Central Committee could be inter preted as a success for Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev and his reform

programme (see page 8).
"Perestroika means you must change the old ways... and as the English saying goes, it is difficult to teach an old dog new tricks. Sometimes this applies to humans," he

He described the decision of some

(Continued on page 2)

Israelis kill 3 boys, Witnesses told Reuters more

 Israeli troops Wednesday shot the occupied Gaza Strip and an nationalist songs and carrying pied West Bank during a general strike, hospitals said.

Hospital officials in the occupied territories reported that troops shot and wounded at least 38 protesters, most of them in the Gaza Strip where casualties have been heavy since the start of the fasting month of Ramadan.

the three deaths. Hospital officials in the occupied West Bank town of Tul-karem said eight-year-old Issam Omar Anes Hassan was dead on arrival with a bullet wound in his chest. They said he was shot by troops in Tulkarem refugee

Officials at Gaza City's Ahli Hospital said Sharif Hafez Al Katib, 16, was shot in the heart

An army spokesman confirmed

Gaza City protest.

When an army patrol arrived, the Palestinians attacked them with stones and troops opened fire. The witnesses said at least two people were injured.

Palestnians said troops shot and wounded 12 protesters in Sha'ti refugee camp, including a 14-year-old boy reported in critical condition. six people in other areas of Gaza City and two in. Rafah town of the Egyptian

border. The U.S. State Department Monday expressed concern over the surge in violence in the 16-month-old Palestinian revolt.

In their latest underground leaflet, the fundamentalist Islamic Resistance Movement, Hamas, called a strike for

Mecca in the 7th century by the dead two Palestinian teenagers in than 500 people, chanting Prophet Mohammad's armies. Merchants in Gaza closed pied West Bank, also complied

with the strike call. Palestinians The clandestine unified leadership of the uprising designated Wednesday as a day to punish Arabs who cooperated with

Israeli authorities. Palestinians said a suspected collaborator was found shot to

death Tuesday night near the West Bank village of Ras Atiyah. They identified him as Faek Saleh Arar, 38. Arar was the third suspected

collaborator killed in the past two days and at least the 32nd killed during the uprising.

Most of the 452 Palestinians

killed during the revolt have been stone-throwers shot by Israeli during a demonstration in the Wednesday to mark the troops.

PLO: No elections without withdrawal

TUNIS (Agencies) — Palestinian leader Salah Khalaf said Wednesday the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) rejected elections in the occupied territories without U.N. supervision and before Israeli withdrawal.

In a statement clarifying remarks he made to Reuters Tuesday, he said: "We cannot accept elections in the shadow of the occupation and without international supervision after the withdrawal of Israeli forces." On Tuesday Khalaf, who is the

deputy to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat in the mainstream Fateh movement, said the PLO might endorse elections in the West Bank and Gaza Strip before Israeli withdrawal provided they were part of a comprehensive settlement leading to withdrawal and self-determination for the Palestinian people.

We can discuss elections as one stage in a series of defined stages, as long as it's clear that the final settlement is self-determination and Israeli withdrawal," Khalaf (Abu Iyad) said. "The official position is that we

agree to elections as part of a comprehensive settlement, in whatever form. At that stage even the details do not matter. he added. Arafat stated the same position

in an interview with a U.S. television statement last week. The statement issued Wednes-

day by Abu Iyad's office repeated that elections must also be part of a plan leading to self-determination and an independent Palesti-

"The elections must be conceived in the framework of a plan... which includes both an intermediary and a definitive period allowing the Palestinian people to decide their fate and define their independent status," the statement said.

More than 80 Palestinian leaders from occupied Jerusalem and the West Bank and Gaza Wednesday rejected the election plan proposed by Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and demanded an international conference to resolve the Middle East conflict.

"We believe real peace in the region cannot be achieved by projects that are calculated to appeal to the media, to end the (Palestinian) uprising and to win time." the leaders said in a state-

It was the first formal response from local Palestinians to the peace proposal that Shamir outlined on a trip to Washington earlier this month,

Shamir proposed that elections be held in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip to select Palestinians who would hold talks with Israel on an interim solution. After two years, discussions would begin towards a permanent

The plan, as outlined by the Shamir government, rules out any participation by the PLO. But in their statement, the Palestinian leaders called on Israel to "recognise the necessity of

negotiations with the PLO, the

solution.

the Palestinian people, within the framework of an international conference."

The statement said Shamir's election plan was "an attempt to divide our people into 'inside' and 'outside' Palestinians." It said the signers' "rejection of the election proposal does not

indicate a rejection of elections as

a democratic process, but is the rejection of a project which ignores the essence of the con-flict." "This isolated occurrence of elections does not illustrate how

it will lead to the end of the occupation and to Palestinian national independence," the statement said. It urged that the United Nations be given authority to admi-

nister the occupied territories during a transitional period to Palestinian statehood, The statement, distributed in

both Arabic and English, was signed by 83 prominent Palesti-

Chief among them was Faisal Al Husseini of Arab Jerusalem, who recently returned from meetings with Egyptian officials in Cairo

Mark on your

calendar BANI HAMIDA WEAVING **EXHIBITION** 12th & 13th May At Aby Jaber Estate (Airport Highway)

Sporadic shelling in Beirut as talks open

Arab League hopes for breakthrough remarks published Wednesday. TUNIS (Agencies) — Arab fore-

Wednesday to study proposals they hope will bring peace to Lebanon despite resistance from some of the factions fighting in Pro-Syrian sources in Beirut and around Beirut. The plan, drafted by a team of seven mediators, calls for an end to the artillery battles which have turn Beirut for six weeks, the

200- to 300-strong Arab ceasefire observer force. Once a ceasefire was in place, Lebanese leaders would meet at a round-table conference to fill the vacant presidency and map out a political settlement to the 14-

reopening of blockaded Lebanese

ports and the deployment of a

121

year-old conflict. Army commander Major-General Michel Aoun, the main protagonist on the rightist side in the fighting, has implicitly challenged the Arab initiative by call-

mg for an international or Euro-Arab peacekeeping force. Militia leader Nabih Berri, one of Aoun's Lebanese opponents, also opposes the Arab observer mission "because we don't need another Arab multinational

Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa of Syria, which has some 40,000 troops in Lebanon, said in remarks published Wednesday that Syria had not yet studied the observer force proposal.

and Arab League officials in Tunis, however, said Damascus had no objections to the force. "Syria is assured there is no real international support for Aoun. It is fully behind Arab

efforts," one source said. An assistant to Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi, one of the seven mediators, told Reuters in Tunis he doubted Aoun or Berri could resist the momentum of the Arab initiative.

I believe Aoun will accept it in the end. It's supported by all the Arab countries and no one can talk of dialogue without a ceasefire. As for Berri, he will have to go along whether he likes it or not," he said.

"If Aoun rejects it, then it's back to turnoil. My impression is that he's already alienated much of the Christian community by insisting on this stupid fighting,

Saudi Arabia's King Fahd, in

called for a ceasefire in Lebanon and said the country's leaders should seek peace "in a spirit of brotherhood and forgiveness."

Fahd told a Saude gathering in the port of Jeddah that he felt "strong pain" and 'tremendous surprise" at the bloodletting in Lebanon because the only people suffering were the Lebanese, the newspapers Okaz and Bilad re-

"Lebanon's men are able to solve the problem if they show determination to do so in a spirit of brotherhood, forgiveness and feeling for the importance of Lebanon remaining united," King Fahd was quoted as saying.

In Lebanon, where shells fell intermittently Wednesday on the ancient port of Byblos and in the mountains to the east, civilians were sceptical about a breakthrough in Tunis.

Gunners Wednesday rocketted the coastline north of Beirut in sporadic barrages sending a ship fleeing from port, police said. Police said Syrian forces and militiamen of the Progressive Socialist Party fired their multi-

barrelled rocket launchers from

hilltop positions around Beirut overnight and during the day.

Their affair targetted a 16kilometre coastal stretch between Jounieh and Byblos, the main ports of the 800-square-kilometre Christian enclave.

An unidentified commercial

ship docked in Amsheet harbour

just north of Byblos sailed quickly out to sea when shells fell around it, police said. Aoun's mainly Christian forces struck back with 155-mm artillery fire at Syrian and PSP positions

around west Beirut. No casualties were reported on either side. Power was restored in Beirut Tuesday for two hours a day. ending a 10-day blackout caused by lack of fuel at the main power

plants in the divided capital.

Water supplies also began trickling back as the capital's pumping system, shut down when power was cut off, resumed operations. Water too was rationed. A convoy of 10 six-wheel trucks carrying 35 tons of medical supplies from Kuwait rolled into

Land I

west Beirut Wednesday, completing a three-day journey across Iraq, Jordan and Syria. Dr. Mohammad Mohanna, a

senior Health Ministry official, said the aid would be split equally between Muslim and Christian areas to ease an acute shortage of medicines in hospitals throughout

Mohanna said another shipment of fuel aid from Kuwait was expected to be dispatched soon. The European Community (EC) has told the Arab League it is ready to help in any way it can to achieve a ceasefire in Lebanon.

Lebanon.

Spanish Foreign Minister Francisco Fernandez Ordonez said in a letter to the league released Wednesday that the community was "deeply concerned about Lebanon and anxious to help in any way possible to relieve the suffering of its people and to bring about a political settlement.'

Writing on behalf of all 12 member states. Fernandez Ordonez said the community was particularly shocked by the death of the Spanish ambassador to Lebanon and member of his family on April 16.

Don Pedro Manuel de Aristegui, 61, was killed when a shell crashed into his embassy home.

day to avert rebel attacks

KABUL (Agencies) - The Afghan government celebrated the anniversary of a communist takeover a day early Wednesday in a bizarre ceremony which excluded ordinary Afghans and highlighted fears of a rebel attack on Kabul.

Tanks and armoured cars took up positions at key points while soldiers cordoned off main streets in the capital to provide maximum security for a lightning parade watched by President Najibullah and a couple of thousand

Foreign journalists, who had been kept in the dark about the event, were dragged out of bed at the crack of dawn and rushed to the scene.

While troops lined up along the streets, two mighty explosions reverberated through the city as government troops fired longrange missiles at the rebel Mujahedeen positions.

Eyewitnesses said two rebel rockets also landed near Kabul airport, a frequent target of the guerrillas operating from snowcapped mountains ringing the Afghan capital.

The anniversary ceremonies, originally scheduled for Thursday, were over in less than an hour. Tanks, armoured cars and anti-aircraft units filed past the presidential stand and jet fighters and helicopter gunships roared

overhead in a fly-past. A few foreign delegations: mainly from the Soviet bloc, stood beside the president and members of his government to watch the first show of military force since the last Soviet troops left Afghanistan Feb. 15.

Officials said fear of Mujahedeen rocket attacks was the main reason for bringing forward the 11th anniversary of the Saur revolution which installed the communist government in a military coup in 1978. At least 15 people have died in rocket attacks in the past five days.

The mayor of Kabul said Tuesday that supporters of the Mujahedeen had distributed leaflets in the city calling on people to rise against the government.

The government has stepped up security by stationing armoured units on approaches to the capital. All private cars are searched in a routine operation to stop rebel infiltration into the city of 2.5 million.

Jalalabad battles

The government said Tuesday its armed forces killed 58 rebels as they mounted another attack

on the eastern city of Jalalabad. The Soviet ambassador to Afghanistan said the seven-weekold siege on the capital of Nangahar province appeared to have been orchestrated entirely by the Pakistani military, not by the government of Prime Minister Be-

nazir Bhutto. "I don't think she's looking for a military solution." said Ambassador Yuli M. Vorontsov. "I think she wants peace and quiet in Afghanistan. The Pakistani military has something else in mind. They want people who are going to be very obedient to Pakistan."

According to a report in the New York Times earlier this week. Bhutto's government ordered the frontal assault on Jalalabad last month despite opposition from Pakistan's military intelligence service. The newspaper said the decision was made in the presence of U.S. Ambassador Robert Oakley and that no resistance leaders were at

the meeting. Islamabad has denied the allegations, and Washington has vet to comment.

The Kabul government also has been low-key in its response to the article, saying a political settlement is the only way to end the 11-year-old war.

Najibullah has frequently accused Pakistan of armed aggression and interference in his country. But his government has directed its criticism at the Pakistani military and avoided any

direct reference to Bhutto. "I think it was entirely a plot of the Pakistani military," Vorontsoy said in an interview in the fortress-like embassy compound

in western Kabul. Rebels fired a rocket into the 5-hectare compound at sunrise last Thursday. The explosion shattered windows but caused no casualties among the 260 people staving there.

Vorontsov warned another rocket strike would not go unnoticed. "If there is a second one they

will be sorry," he said. "We will reply swiftly and de-cisively," he said. "Our reply is ready and it won't be in a diplomatic note.'

Kabul switches revolution | King addresses the country

Continued from page 1

chosen to keep quite about them and to prefer to deal with them and to resist them with all available means...

"I would like to say to all those who had bet on subduing us and forcing us to accept what conflicts with our honour and freedom that we shall never kneel except to God. We will never seil out any part of our holy shrines or any iota of our Arab soil.

"We have the right to seek why and for whose interest Jordan is exposed to these pressures hatched by the enemies of the Arab Nation. We have always resisted these pressures and will continue to resist them depending on your awareness and your cohesion. We will resist pressures to which we are being exposed today and we will come out of this stage as we did in the past far stronger than

"There is no need for me to remind you that any tampering with the security of the country and its property and the state's installations serves as a support for these pressures which aim at subjugating us and humilating us. I can not tolerate to see any one of you, any one member of the Jordanian family, serving as a tool in the hands of the Arab Nation's enemies.

"We will not suffice ourselves by condemning the actions of our way resulting from the 1967 war

those who had gone astray but we will confront them with all firmness and vigilance in response to the national duty and the need to safeguard the country's security and stability on the one hand and protecting the citizens on the

"I find it necessary to remind you that ought to dispose of a bad social custom which has now spread amongst you causing us more barm than that is caused by our enemies and that is slandering and offending one another and casting doubts against any public policy.

'We will review the events and their root causes and will take lessons from them because they will help us to transform them into a new springboard for reconstruction in the administrative, economic and financial spheres. We must share the burden of pain and responsibility and we should not escape from confronting the realities to worse situations but we should rather confront the situation with a strong will and determination so that we can have a renewed hope in the fu-

"To achieve this we will undertake ail the required and appropriate mea-sures and we will take speedy steps towards parliamentary elections with the aim of strengthening the basis of institutions of government sharing now that all the obstacles impeding

"Self-reliance requires from us to mobilise all our potentials and em-ploy all available resources and adhere to our values. We must work harder and increase production in all fields and we must shoulder our duties with sincerity and we must let loose the talents and creative powers in all directions and we must respect others' views and commit ourselves to the principle of dialogue and affection

and understanding.
"I have total confidence in you and your ability to overcome the obstacles and hardships that will accompany our measures to attain our objectives and pursue the process of development and improve the standard of living so we can ensure the future of the coming generations in an atmos-phre of justice and human dignity."

This step will be taken now that the elections law has been issued to conform the Kingdom's decision to sever legal and administrative ties with the occupied West Bank and the recognition of the State of Palestine.

"We are today facing a new stage of forward direction requiring us to remember a number of facts so that we can remember our duties and remember the responsibilities placed upon us as one people — government or citizens — and wherever we are. We must remember that we are going through a difficult time that requires strenuous and strong efforts and a common responsibility so that we can come out with success.

"We must also remember that have to rely on ourselves as much as we can with all that entails of rationalising consumption, increasing pro-duction and changing harmful habits.

S. Arabia planning major arms purchases

RIYADH (AP) — Defence Minister Prince Sultan plans a wide-ranging shopping plan for combat jets and submarines in five Western European countries next month, well-informed sources reported Tuesday.

The sources, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said the European visit will start after May 15 and will include Greece, the Netherlands, Austria, France and Britain.

They said that the prince will discuss buying submarines in France and the Netherlands, Tornado fighter jets in Britain and armour in Greece and Austria.

The disclosure came amid reports that the United States, traditionally Saudi Arabia's main arms supplier, was considering selling it battle tanks and multiple-launch rocket systems.

Rivadh is seeking advanced U.S. warplanes such as the F-18 Hornet to replace its aging 110 F-5s jets.

The sources confirmed the Saudi interest in the U.S. arms and noted that Riyadh also had its eyes on F-15 and F-16 fighter jets, air-to-surface Maverick missiles and shoulder-fired Stinger anti-aircraft missiles.

The kingdom has allocated some \$30 billion for arms purchases in a major upgrading of its growing military arsenal, despite the ceasefire in the Iran-Iraq war. The United States was main

source of weapons until the U.S. Congress began blocking its ac-cess to sophisticated weaponry,

citing the possibility the weapons could be used against Israel.

Britain superseded the United States as the main supplier with two deals in 1986 and 1988 worth more than \$25 billion. The contracts involved the sale

of some 120 Tomado fighters,

100 Hawk trainer jets, dozens of Swiss-built turboprop trainer planes and six minesweepers. The sources said that Prince Sultan will also seek in London to push through so-called offset schemes under which Britsb firms divert about one-third of the value of the deals back into joint projects in Saudi Arabia to bols-

ter the kingdom's technological development. France, which is the Saudis' second-ranking arms supplier, and the Netherlands are among a half-dozen Western European countries bidding for a contract to provide Riyadh with eight submarines to boost its expanding

naval force. The estimated \$4 billion project, which would give the king-

dom its first submarine force, had been frozen for some time. The sources said Prince Sultan will visit Switzerland at the end of

the four, mainly for private reasons. They also said, without elaboration, that he was expected to stop over in Iraq on his way to

King Fahd recently paid the first visit by a Saudi monarch to Baghdad in 30 years when he signed a non-aggression pact between the two countries.

Mubarak tipped to head OAU

CAIRO (R) — African leaders have agreed privately to elect Egyptian President Hosni Muharak the next chairman of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU). African diplomats said Wednesday.

"You can take it for granted that it will be President Mubarak," an African ambassador told

He and other African officials did not want to be quoted by name, they said, because the decision still needed to be formally approved by OAU members at a summit meeting in Addis Ababa

"There is no other candidate... it is already settled," said a senior official from another African country.

The move will kick-off a year in which Egypt, a key player in Middle East politics, takes a more high-profile role on African

Egypt will host an OAU conference on African debt at the end of August that will bring together officials from African and creditor countries as well as specialists from international financial institutions.

A separate conference in July will deal with the joint issues of African and Latin American debt, a senior Egyptian official

Also during the summer. Egyptian officials are hoping to receive Jesse Jackson and other prominent black Americans to discuss racial discrimination and apar-

African diplomats said Libya, a harsh opponent of Egypt's peace treaty with Israel, would not obiect to Mubarak at the head of the 51-member OAU.



Hosni Mubarak

"At this point, nobody would listen to what came out of Tripoli anyway." a diplomat from sub-Saharan Africa said.

Mubarak, replacing Mali's President Moussa Traore in an annual rotation, will be the first Egyptian to head the OAU since Gamal Abdul Nasser took the chair at its first summit in 1964.

40 killed, 700 hurt in Mauritanian riots

stabbed, stoned or clubbed to death at least 40 people and wounded 700 in two days of attacks against Senegalese living in the Mauritanian capital Nouakchott, hospital sources said

Troops were out in force in the city and in Dakar, capital of neighbouring Senegal, where Mauritanian traders and shops have been attacked since

The violence in the two countries on the edge of the Sahara Desert was sparked by a border shooting over disputed grazing rights April 9 but has been fuelled by underlying economic and racial tension. Both governments appealed for calm and began repatriating victims who wanted to

opposition group said that more than 100 Senegalese had been killed in Novakchott and the northern town of Nouadhibou. Doctors in Nouakchott' said victims had been stabbed or hit

Soldiers patrolled the streets after a night curfew and thousands of Senegalese who had sheltered in police stations were

taken by bus to the safety of the

desert city's ancient mosque. The heavy army presence ended the violence and many Nouakchott residents went to work Wednesday although troops sealed off the main market. Some of the first planeload of Mauritanian refugees to arrive from Senegal late Tuesday were brought to the Olympic Stadium before being reunited with their

In Dakar some 10,000 Mauritamans sought refuge in the great mosque which was encircled by

Hundreds more who had been sheltered by Senegalese neighbours took taxis to the mosque clutching the few clothes and possessions they had saved from the looters who ransacked their homes and businesses over the

More than 300,000 Mauritawith iron bars or rocks. Troops nians, many of them small tradand police ringed hospitals and ers, live in Senegal while 30,000

workers, live in Mauritania.

Doctors at Dakar's Le Dantec aospital said at least 100 people were injured, most of them loo-The looters' victims were main-

ly light-skinned moors -Mauritanians of Arab and Berber descent - who dominate retail trade in Senegal where most of the population is black. Poverty and youth unemploy-

ment are high and many rioters used the violence to ransack Mauritanian shops and homes, witnesses said. In Mauritania Moors make up

about two thirds of the two million population and are dominant King Hassan of Morocco said

Wednesday he planned to send a peace mission from the Arab Maghreb Union to both counthe union with Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia and Libya.

The clandestine African Liberation Forces of Mauritania, which claims to represent blacks in Mauritania, said in a statement that more than 100 Senegalese had been killed.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Iran expels 18 Britons

LONDON (R) - Iran has expelled 18 Britons in apparent retaliation for a similar number of Iranians being told to leave Britain after relations were broken over the Salman Rushdie affair, the Foreign Office said Wednesday. A spokesman said the government had asked Iran for clarification through the Swedish embassy in Tehran which has handled British interests since Britain withdrew its diplomats in February. Britain closed its embassy in Tehran and expelled Iran's sole diplomat in London after Iran's spiritual leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini called for the death of British author Rushdie for blasphemy against Islam in his novel "The Satanic Verses." Britain expelled 18 Iranians, including students and former embassy staff members told to leave for security reasons in March after Tehran broke relations with Britain. The spokesman said it was not clear when the Britons were asked to leave Iran but he believed eight had already returned home. The remainder were expected back Wednesday, the deadline set by Tehran for their departure.

Gunmen attack Turkish diplomat's home

ISTANBUL (R) - Gunmen have fired at the home of a Turkish television said Tuesday. It said the two or three unidentified gunmen fled after shooting at the home of Slami Demirbas, an administrative attache at Turkey's Orumiyeh consulate, Monday night. Neither Demirbas nor his wife were hurt. Relations between Iran and Turkey have been tense since March when a Turkish court banned women from wearing Islamic headscarves in universities. Iran said Muslim women should have the right to wear the scarves. Turkey withdrew its ambassador from Tehran April 4 for consultations, accusing Iran of meddling in its internal affairs. Tehran withdrew its own envoy shortly afterwards. "Turkey expects Iran to take measures to protect Turkish diplomats," the television quoted a Foreign Ministry statement as saying.

U.S. servicemen remembered

ARLINGTON (AP) — Eight U.S. servicemen were remembered for their sacrifice Tuesday, nine years after they died in a desert in Iran while trying to rescue American hostages. On a brilliant, blue morning on a hillside in Arlington National Cemetery, the men who died at desert one were honoured in a ceremony by friends, family and some of those they were trying to save. "They gave their lives trying to secure my freedom — that is the ultimate sacrifice." said former navy Chief Warrant Officer Joe Hall, one of the 52 Americans who were taken hostage at the U.S. embassy in Tehran Nov. 3, 1979 and held for 414 days. The rescue mission was attempted by an all-volunteer military team on April 25, 1980. After the mission was abandoned, three marines and five air force servicemen died when a helicopter and a transport plane collided in Iran's Great Salt Desert. Six former hostages, including former Ambassador Bruce Laingen, joined relatives of the dead servicemen for the ceremony sponsored by No Greater Love, a humanitarin organisation that aids the families of victims of war and terrorism.

Rafsanjani endorses constitution move

NICOSIA (R) - Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, widely tipped to be elected fran's president in August with enhanced executive powers, has given backing to moves to amend the constitution.

He said the country's spiritual leader. Avatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, who Monday ordered the formation of a committee to advise on constitutional changes. made the solving of big problems

Things which elsewhere in the done here constructively and smoothly." Rafsanjani, the parliamentary speaker, said in a speech to parliament reported by Tehran Radio Tuesday night. The parliament chose five deputies to join the 20 members ence of the past 10 years had appointed by Khomeini to the committee, charged with proposing constitutional changes concerning the leadership and government institutions within two months. The result will be put to

a referendum. The move followed Khomeini's

sor, Ayatollah Hossein Ali Monsenior officials of a lack of centrative and judicial powers.

revolution, Iranian press reports last week said Rafsanjani backed a propos-

sacking of his designated succestazeri, last month and criticism by lisation in the exercise of execu-

Executive power is now divided between the president and prime minister and the judiciary is headed by a five-man council. Khomeini, 86, said the experirevealed shortcomings in the constitution, drawn up in the turbulent months following the 1979

al for eliminating the post of prime minister in favour of vice presidents.

al tendencies in the Iranian leadership have endorsed Rafsanjani's candidature in August's presidential election.

Dr. Arafat Al Ashhab

Dr. Adel Dabdoub ..

Public Security Department

.... 656000 / 685111

choosing the supreme leader.

The two main clerical organisations which embrace most politic-

. 625478

602507

. 778336

Put members of the more hardline combatant clergymen group have been more outspoken in calls for constitutional change, especially in the criteria for They argue that amendments enable mojtaheds senior Shi'ite clergymen below Khomeini's top rank of marja' to be elected as leader or mem-

bers of a leadership council. This would change a vital characteristic of Iran's Islamic system of government under which supreme political and religious powers were combined in the person

Khonicini. Prosecutor-General Mohammad Mousavi Khoeiniba has said this would cause no problems: a mojtahed's word could rule in matters of state while people could follow the marja' of their choice in personal affairs.

Continued from page 1 older members to "step down" from the Central Committee as a very good one. "It means cutting out some of

the dead wood," he asserted.

Afghan 'power struggle'

Gerasimov confirmed that the Soviet Union was continuing to extend military support for the govern-ment of President Najibullah in Afghanistan, but said Moscow was ready to call off such aid "if the other side stops" assisting the rebels fight-ing the Kabul regime. Refuting re-ports that Soviet bombers were involved in attacks against rebel position, he said Moscow remained committed to the Geneva accords which resulted in the withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan, but accused Pakistan and the U.S. of violating the

According to Gerasimov, the ongoing conflict in Afghanistan is attributable to "political ambitions" of rebel leaders. "The Afghan people must decide by themselves on a coalition government," he said. "(They) must sit down and (negotiate). Presi dent Najibullah is ready to give im portant posts to the opposition leaders but they just do not want it. They want to continue fighting... they also light each other ... it is a very complicated picture. Instead of sitting together and deciding on the coalition government, they are fighting. It is a

Gerasimov, who is visiting Jorda at the invitation of the government, is expected to leave for Cairo Friday for

fight for power, a power struggle.

JORDAN TELEVISION

PROGRAMME ONE

	LENNINE INTE
14:55	Children programmes
	Civolang programme
17:20	Health programme
18:29	Ramadan contest
	Arabic series
	Programme review
	News in Arabic
	Arabic series
	Programme review
	Riddle
23:00	News in Arabic
23:15	Агаће ріау
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...... Beauty and the Beaut

..... News in French

. News in Hebrew

... News in Arabic

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CHURCHES

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WEATHER

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USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS NIGHT DUTY AMMAN: Dr. Yousef Al Houram Dr. Akram Samhan

Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel:

ulletin supplied by the Department of

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Complaints Amman Municipality Complaints Telephone Information Central Amman Telephone . 774111 Radio Jordan Electric Power Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-52000

HOSPITALS				
AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khahdi Maternity. J. Amn 644281/6 Akilch Maternity. J. Amn 64241/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 Malhas. J. Amman 636140 Palestine. Shmeisani 664171/4 Shmeisani Hospital 669131 University Hospital 845845 Al-Muzsher Hospital 66727/9 The Islamuc, Abdali 666127/37 Al-Ahli, Abdali 66416/46 Italian. Al-Muhajreen 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 775111/26 Army, Marka 891611/15 Oueen Alis Hospital 602240/50 Amal Hospital 674155 ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983223 Zarqa Rotional Hospital (09)986732				
IRBID:				

Princess Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Oueen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

Jeddah (RJ ... Doha, Bahrain (RI) Dhahran, Kuwait (RI) 16:15 Lamaca (R.) Athens (R. . New York, Amsterdam (R.

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

14:30 **QUEEN ALIA** 16:25 INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

(Terminal (1) Tripoli (RJ) ... Rome (RJ) Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights 11:10 Athens (RJ) 12:15 . Paris (RJ) . Frankfurt, London (RJ) Kuwait, Abu Dhabi (RJ) 19:48 20:15 20:20 20:30 Bahrain, Doha (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal (2)

15:30 Kuwait (KU) Cairo (MS) Frankfurt (LH) Zurich, Larmaca (SR) DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

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Beans	240
Broad beams	80
Cabbage	80
Carrots	
Cauliflower ,	140
Cucumbers	160
Dates	100 (191 <u>)</u>
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Grapefruit	400
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Pepper (sweet)	220
Potato	270
Spinach	150
Strawberry	140/
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Baghdad (IA) Bahrain (GF) Kuwait (KU) Ankara, Isianbul (TK) JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE 1**0:89** 1**0:**15 Children programme Religious programme Friday's prayer Religious programme Football 12:25 **MARKET PRICES** 12:50 13:30 Religious seminar Programme on Islamic art 14:00 Nower price in fils per kg. ------ 600 / 500 18:06 18:35 Religious period Arabic series 350 / 300 Programme review News in Arabic 0 / 50 0 / 50 Arabic series Local programm News summary in Arabic 120 0 / 400 0 / 120 0 / 200 50/ 200 PROGRAMME TWO 0/350 0/50 0/50 0/100 0/320 0/60 Children cartoon French feature film 19:00 19:15 ... News in FrenchNews in Hebres News in Arabic 07 160 07 160 07 120 07 180 07 229 07 100 07 1000 07 200 Double First Golden Pennies News in English PRAYER TIMES

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National News

King's call ushers new era — Tal

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein's call on various ministries and public organisations to conduct a comprehensive revision and re-organisation, places all Jordanians face to face with a new era of diligent work towards brighter and more prosperous future, Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment's Secretary General Awad Tal announced here Wednesday.

There is a great need now to double efforts and to shoulder full responsibilities for the sake of maintaining the momentum of construction and development, Tal said at a meeting with directors of the ministry's various departments

The King's address, Tal said, served as a call on all citizens to help their country overcome the present difficult circumstances.

Tal emphasised the important role of the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs in fusing the various local communities' efforts and enhancing cooperation to serve the higher national in-

On Tuesday directors of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs in various

provinces gathered at the Ministry of Awaaf to discuss issues related to the work of their respective departments and the role of preachers in mosques.

Addressing the meeting was the ministry's secretary general Ahmad Hilayel who urged the heads of these departments to launch open and constructive dialogue with citizens in their own regions with the purpose of building strong bridges with all sectors. He said that in his meeting with the ministries' secretary general on Monday King Hussein expressed his confidence that the different departments will pursue the work for construction and for maintaining the march towards development.

Seminars and gatherings for dialogues in various areas, Hilayel said, will be part of the ongoing process towards bolstering ties among the members of the Jordanian family.

Hilayel emphasised the impor-

tant role of mosque preachers who, he said, ought to contribute positively towards cementing ties within the Jordanian family and offer their share in the national effort aimed to overcome the present difficult stage.

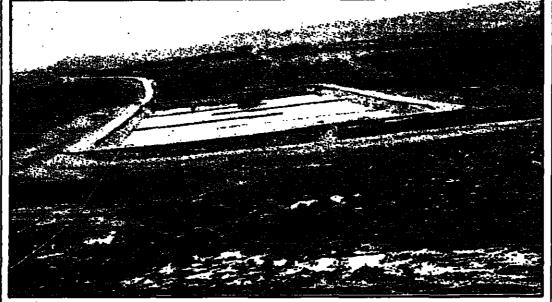
NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

MAY DAY: All government departments and public institutions in Jordan will remain closed on Monday May 1 on the occasion of

MARKETING: A group of 170 British businessmen from the Austin Rover car manufacturing group has ended a four day visit to Jordan. The group's stay was organised by the Amman Plaza Hotel in the course of the hotel's ongoing contributions towards marketing the Kingdom abroad.

SHARE PAID: Sudan has paid its share for the the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU)'s 1989 budget despite its current hardships and economic difficulties, according to the Amman based CAEU headquarters. A council's spokesman said that the move reflects Sudan's commitment to the Arab League's organisations and its efforts to enable them to carry out their programmes.

SADDAM'S BIRTHDAY: The Iraqi ambassador to Jordan Ghafel Jassem Hussein is holding a reception at Amra Hotel in Amman on Thursday evening on the occasion of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein's birthday that falls on Friday. A Iraqi embassy spokesman said that the reception will be attended by Iraqi nationals in Jordan and an audience of invited guests and members of the diplomatic missions. Following the reception there will be a variety of Iraqi



Country's inadequate sewage systems flood in winter

waste water treatment plants are not sufficient to cope with amounts of water reaching them during the rainy season, and some of them last winter faced an increase of 1,000 per cent over capacity, according to the director of the ministry's central op-erations department Saqr Al

The plants have been set up to deal only with sewerage and waste water and to use the treated water for irrigation purposes, Salem said in an interview with Al Dustour daily published

He said that there was no way that sewerge systems can work according to plan during the winter season in Jordan because rain water as well as the sewerage and other efflu-ence pour into the sewers which in turn carry the whole lot to the waste water treatment plants.

According to Salem, the plant installed at Salt, for example, received 9,480 cubic metres of water daily during the past winter

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan's 14 season, compared with the plant's lure is bound to occur. Waste water treatment plants are maximum capacity of 500 cubic Salem said that when Salem said rain water falling on

homes, on the streets and swamps has found its way to the sewers along with the waste water. When waste water treatment

plants were planned, he said, they were not designed to take in so much water and therefore fai-

Salem said that when sewers can not absorb all the rain water there will be an outflow into the streets of rain water mixed with water from the sewers. If the manholes are opened to take in rain water flowing off the streets, a lot of stones and mud are carried down into the sewers

causing blockages, Salem added.

Qatanani briefs Canadian students

AMMAN (J.T.) — A delegation of students from Canada met here Wednesday with a Foreign Ministry official and heard details about the situation in the Middle East and the Arab-Israeli con-

The delegation, comprising 12 students and two teachers had mae tours of the Palestinian refugee camps in Jordan, and they plan to go to the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip Thursday to study the refugee situation there, according to ministry offi-

SSC assets total JD 254 million

Social Security Corporation turns 10

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Social Security Corporation (SSC) has called on beneficiaries who reached retirement age to declare whether they wish to take their old age benefits in lump sum or receive monthly pension. For men, the retirement age is 60 and for women it is 55, according to the SSC law; but retirees can continue to pay premiums until the age of 65 if they still have to complete the required period to deserve compensation, SSC Director General Mahdi Al Farhan announced Wednesday.

Farhan made the statement on the 10th anniversary of the estab-lishment of the SSC in the Kingdom. According to the SSC law, individuals can benefit from the SSC pension if they reach the retirement age provided that they were paying premiums for at least 10 years. Any beneficiary, Farhan noted, can send a request to the SSC headquarters on whether he or she would like to take the compensation in lump sum or in the form of pension.

Reneficiaries who have not paid for at least 10 years and wish to be included in the pension scheme have to pay for the pre-vious years and make up the difference, Farhan noted.

The SSC provides services to 515,000 people, Jordanians and others living and working in the

Kingdom, according to Farhan. He said that since 1980 when the SSC was established, a total of 145,000 citizens have benefited from the SSC compensation scheme, including 6,000 who are now on the SSC's pension

Altogether, the SSC has paid JD 11.5 million in pension, of which JD 4 million were paid in compensation for death.

Dr. Fahran said that lump sum compensation is paid to women if they leave work to get married and settle at home, Jordanians and foreigners upon finally leaving the country to settle abroad and Jordaians who are convicted by court and are sent to prison to serve for at least five years.

Otherwise, Farhan noted, any one covered by the SSC law is

entitled to benefit from the SSC pension scheme provided he or she had paid dues for at least 10 years or reached the age of retire-

Farhan said that the SSC now has assets in cash and real estate estimated at JD 254 million, accumulated from the premiums paid by the beneficiaries since

According to an SSC report earlier this month, SSC funds are invested in agricultural, tourist. industrial, banking and other projects and part of the funds are in the form of shares in major companies, earning profits for the SSC beneficiaries.

Preparing for 1992's big event:

Armouti coordinates Jordan's effort

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The Jordanian national committee for the 1992 Seville Universal Exposition and the commemoration of the quincentennial of the discovery of America is expected to start its mandate this week when it holds its first meeting in Amman Saturday, according to the committee's chairman Dr. Mazen Armouti, who is also Jordan's commissioner general for the quincentennial and the exposition.

The committee, according to Armouti, has a three-fold task on its hand: To coordinate and crystallise efforts at the national level of both the private and public sectors related to celebrations of the quincentennial of the discovery of America; to coordinate and execute Jurdanian participation in the Seville Universal Exposition of 1992 including determining the form of such participation; coordinating, devising and following-up plans of participation of Arab and Islamic civilisation to Spanish history and the European rennaisance.

Celebrations related to the three events are expected to start this year and to culminate in 1992, the quincentennial of the discovery of America.

Quincentennial celebrations include cultural, touristic, informational and scientific activities in the form of expositions, festivals, seminars, media and informational programmes and publication of books and other material under the general theme "the age of discovery and international coop-

The 1992 Seville Universal Exposition, is expected to be the largest event of its kind and to attract approximately 28 million risitors. Armouti told the Jorda Times in a recent interview. More than 85 countries, including up to 12 Arab countries are taking parts in the exposition which takes place between April and October 1992 in Seville, Andalusia. A "Al Andalusia 1992" com-

mittee was specially formed in appreciation of the "special contribution of Arab Islamic civilisation to Spanish history and the European renaissance," according to Armouti. Activities of the committee will include cultural and communication activities such as the publishing of books and holding seminars on the sub-

Asked what significance will Jordan's participation in the celebrations have on the country, Armouti said such participation would offer "an opportunity for interacting with other cultures and for promoting Jordan's image" abroad, especially in Europe and the Western Hemis-

Such participation, he said, will also give Jordan an opportunity to expose its heritage to the world, including its books, publications, cultural output and other human activities. It will also help "assert the historical impet of Arabic culture on Western civilisation and the remaisance," Armouti said.

As for the cost of such participation. Armouti said "Jordan will not incurr heavy costs" be-



Dr. Mazen Armouti, the Jordanian commissioner general for the 1992 Seville Universal Exposition and the commemoration of the vial of the discovery of America, during the recent international planning session for the Exposition in Seville, Spain.

cause the venues and facilities are Hamid Al Hiyari, head of the already provided for. Jordan will have to pay for the transport of cultural groups, exhibition material, in addition to building a pavilion in Seville. Members of Jordan's national

committee include dean of the

faculty of scientific research at the University of Jordan Dr. Adnan Al Bakhit, Ministry of Culture and National Heritage Secretary General Dr. Hani Al Amad, Ministry of Tourism Secretary General Nasri Atalla, Ministry of Information Secretary General Trad Al Fayez, Jordan's Ambassador to Spain Mohammad Al Idwan, head of the international relations department at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs Ambassador Khalil Othman, Royal Jordanian's Vice President for Public Relations Munib Tougan, Islamic architecture specialist engineer Rasem Badran, Professor of Andalusian history at the University of Jordan Dr. Mohammad Abdoh Hatameleh, head of the

buildings department at the Ministry of Public Works engineer Bashir Al Jaghbeer. The committee has been appointed by the Council of Ministers and is linked through its chairman with the Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The commissioner general, Dr. Armouti has already been accredited as the Jordanian government's representative with the Spanish national commission for the quincentennial and the exposition, and coordinator of the efforts by various Jordanian institutions in their contributions to the events.

Dr. Armouti has paid two official visits to Spain during which he met with Luis Yanez, the minister of international cooperation, who heads the Spanish commission, and with other officials in the commission and the Expo administration.

He also attended the recent meeting in Seville of the college of commissioners in its first planning meeting for the universal ecounting department at the Ministry of Finance Abdul exposition.

Specifications for lifts the regulations and specifications

AMMAN (J.T.) - A technical committee preparing a national building code Wednesday endorsed regulations and specifications for lifts in buildings and walls. Meeting under the chair-manship of Khalaf Hawwari, secretary general of the Ministry of Public Works, the committee revised proposed amendments to

on thermal insulation in buildings and the formation of specialised sub-committees to decide on space that should be left between, buildings, and regulations governing retaining walls.

The Ministry of Public Works in cooperation with the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) is preparing a national building code.

WIL calls for solidarity against Israel

MECCA (Petra) — The World and its atrocities against the Islamic League (WIL) has issued Palestinians. It urged those couna call to all Muslims to help stop Israel's criminal actions in the occupied Arab territories and its doing so and to help re-establish acts of sacrile, at the Al Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem and the other holy places in the occupied Palestinian lands.

The call which was made in a statement issued here, also urged all governments and peace loving nations to stand firm in the face of Israel's repressive measures

tries which support Israel materially and morally to refrain from justice in Palestine and end the sufferings of the Palestinian people.

Palestine.

The statement expressed the Muslim countries' concern over Israel's continued violations of Palestinian human rights and desecration of religious places in

Amra appoints Rausch food, beverage manager AMMAN (J.T.) — Amra Hotel

in Amman has appointed Peter Rausch as food and beverage manager in a bid to maintain the best services for customers. Rausch is a well seasoned manager who had earlier served at famous hotels in London, Frankfurt, and Vienna.

Amra Hotel has been holding nightly celebrations since the beginning of the Holy Month of Ramadan and has been offering specially prepared dishes and an assortment of sweets. Rausch has been instrumental in the preparations and serving dishes to the taste of all customers.



Peter Rausch

WORLD RESOURCES

Announces the official opening of their shop at Amra Hotel Shopping Centre.

Jewelry in 21 and 18 carat gold Precious gems

Gifts made of precious and semi-precious stones.

Visit our unique shop at Amra Hotel **Shopping Centre.**

THE PARTY OF THE P THE BEST HOLI **CAR RENTAL**

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WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- An art exhibition by French artist Jean-Francois Noble at Haya Arts Centre.
- An exhibition of books and handicrafts at Princess Alia College. A scientific book exhibition at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- RAMADAN SOUQ Ramadan open-air market, which includes foodstuff, clothes,
- home appliances and children's toys at Mahatta, eastern Ammon International Ramadan Souq, in which 14 Arab and Islamic countries are taking part, at the International Auto Centre, Queen Alia International Airport Highway.
- * A feature film entitled "In the Heat of the Night" at the American Centre — 4:00 p.m.

THEATRE

* An Arabic play entitled "Satans" Laws" shown as part of the cultural festival of the Jordanian community colleges, at the Royal Cultural Centre - 8:00 p.m.

ANGLICAN CHURCH IN AMMAN **HOLY WEEK AND EASTER SERVICES 1989**

Palm Sunday, 23.4.89

8 a.m. Holy Communion 6 p.m. Family Communion, with blessing of Palms.

5.30 p.m. Commemoration of

Maundy Thursday, 27.4.89

washing of the feet. 6.30 p.m. Joint

the Last Supper, with

Holy Saturday, 29.4.89 Easter Day, 30.4.89

Good Friday, 28.4.89

Arabic/English Service. 8.00 p.m. Easter Vigil and: Renewal of Baptismal Vows.

6.00 a.m. Easter Day Sunrise Service at Mount Nebo 6.00 p.m. Easter Evening

Clergy: The Revd. William Taylor 628543 The Revd. Velli Jarvinnen 822605

A VERY HAPPY AND BLESSED EASTER TO ALL-"CHRIST IS RISEN!"



Jordan Times

جوربن تابعز يومية عربية سيلبية مستكلة تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية

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A new beginning

HAVING lived through the past few days of turbulence resulting from the destructive actions taken by protesters against price hikes of some goods, His Majesty King Hussein's speech to the nation Wednesday gave the country a renewed hope and a revived sense of purpose.

The King's determined pledge to eliminate the root causes of discontent among the people over recent economic austerity measures demonstrates his firm commitment to the country's development and progress. While it is no easy task that confronts the country's leadership and its people, one of the major elements that should contribute positively to the process of readjustment is participation and contribution by every citizen. It entails constructive action coupled with broad dialogue to help smooth the path that lies ahead.

The King's pledge for early parliamentary elections is a manifestation of his quest to achieve the goal of grassroot participation in the decision-making process. At the same time, his firm warning against anyone who seeks to tamper with national security and stability should serve as a strong deterrent to those who, wittingly or unwittingly, play into the hands of the enemy by carrying out or encouraging actions that cause damage to the infrastructure that Jordan has painstakingly built over the years.

In Jordan or anywhere else in the world, progress and development could only nurtured and maintained in an atmosphere of security and stability and anyone who tries to undermine it cannot but be trying to block the process and development of the country. The pressures that have been brought upon to bear on Jordan that the King alluded to in his speech Wednesday were by no means a coincidence. In fact, part of the problems that Jordan faces today is the direct result of such pressures initiated by the hands of the enemy; and the massive destruction of public property that the Kingdom witnessed last week was one of the goals of such pressures, however indirect they might be. And hence His Majesty's stern warning.

hopefully, a fresh impetus will be given to its quest to be self-reliant. But that impetus is a responsibility of its citizens as much as it is of the leadership. Pinning blame, individually or collectively, for our economic problems at this point in time is a useless exercise and waste of precious time which should be utilised to build on what we have

We are on the verge of a new beginning in national life and let us realise and appreciate the importance of what lies ahead. Sacrifices will have to be made but to the noble cause of building our nation.

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

JORDANIAN Arabic dailies Wednesday dealt in their editorials with King Hussein's directives to the secretaries general of various ministries in which he called for a general revision of the whole situation in the country and urged all citizens to cooperate closely in safeguarding the nation's highest interests. Al Ra'i daily said it was natural for the King to take this step and to call on all citizens to remove all negative aspects and influences that might impede the momentum of development. Revision and re-assessment are two important factors at the moment since they help us plan ahead in all matters and help us to discover our faults and our shortcomings in preparation for continued march towards the aspired progress, the paper noted. The re-organisation of the Jordanian home, the paper noted, should entail the process of re-assessment and persistence in implementing development plans. The Jordanian family, the paper added, takes pride in its leadership and the courageous and wise actions of King Hussein who continues to provide his family with care and direct its members towards a brighter and prosperous future.

A columnist in Al Ra'i Wednesday tackles the stalled Iraqi-Iranian negotiations and the lack of progress in the talks for the implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 598 to bring about a lasting peace in the Gulf. Mahmoud Rimawi says that except for a ceasefire and the on and off sessions the Iraqi-Iranian negotiations have proved differences still persist and there is nothing that prevents an outbreak of conflict. The writer notes that Iraq is well prepared for a lasting peace and has set up a new parliament and is reorganising its home and celebrating its victories in the eight year war. For its part Iran is bogged down in internal strife and a struggle for power which in turn is impeding the negotiations and making it more difficult for U.N. mediation efforts to succeed, the writer adds. He criticises Tehran for failing to implement U.N. resolutions for reaching a lasting settlement and Iran's continued violation of the ceasefire agreement along the border. He says that as long as the Iranians are adamant in their position, peace in the Gulf region will remain as remote as ever.

Al Dustour daily described King Hussein's address to the secretaries general of the various ministries as serving as a message to the whole country and directives to its citizens. The paper said that the King has thus made it clear that Jordan is facing tremendous challenges and hardships which require patience and self-reliance and dedication to serving the nation. The King has breathed hope in the hearts of his people and urged them to shoulder their responsibilities and safeguard their country's highest interests, the paper said. Jordan, as the King pointed out, is now at the threshold of a new stage of comprehensive reorganisation and this requires cooperation on the part of all citizens. It said that the Jordanian family will back the King's endeavours and go along with him in his efforts to confront the challenges and in preserving Jordan as a strong fortress defending the Arab homeland.

PLO and the intifada — a fruitful relationship

By Main Rabbani

THE role and influence of the Palestine Liberation Organisation in the development, institutionalisation and direction of the current popular uprising in the West Bank and Gaza Strip has been fiercely contested since almost the moment it began by Palestinian, Arab and foreign observers alike. While few continue to deny the leading role which has been and continues to be exercised by the Palestinian national movement in the occupied territories, changing political circumstances have at the same time transformed the nature of

With the prospects of a political arrangement involving the ac-tive participation of the PLO appearing greater in early 1989 than at any other time since the organisation was established in 1964, two paramount questions have emerged. To the press corps and policy analysts, the main concern has become whether the PLO leadership in Tunis, Damas-cus, and Baghdad can effectively control the streets of Gaza. Jerusalem, and Nablus. Palestinian and Arab activists and intellectuals, on the other hand, are taking part in a different discussion altogether. For this latter group, the primary issue is whether the apparent international breakthrough achieved by the PLO in Algiers. Stockholm and Geneva this winter has justified the historic concessions such an opening required. While the Palestinian leadership is being credited with a skillful management of the intifada which has brought Palestinian national aspirations significantly closer to fruition, it is also facing apprehension that it has embarked upon a dangerous journey which puts both the uprising itself and the future of the Palestinian struggle at risk.

The PLO's pre-eminence The relationship between the Palestinian leadership in exile and the residents of the West Bank and Gaza Strip is a complex early months of the uprising. statehood and began a wide-rang-

pied territories and thus cannot. has an active presence in these. regions. Most important, it commands the allegiance of the overwhelming mass of Palestinians. This has been borne out not only by various public opinion polls but also by the only municipal elections the nationalist forces ever contested - the 1976 pro-PLO victory at the polls was so decisive that Israel has refused to

repeat the exercise since. Second, the constituent facfions of the PLO, Fatah, the PFLP, the DFLP and the Palestine Communist Party, maintain cadres, cells, and a variety of informally affiliated popular organisations in the occupied ter-ritories, and their number has grown significantly since 1982, when the PLO lost its independent base of operations in Beirut. These nationalist activists are thoroughly integrated into their communities — they come from them — and furthermore also provide many of the services, such as medical relief and social networks, which the PLO provides to the Palestinians in exile. Additionally, the ideological compatibility of Palestinian nationalism with other currents has allowed it to co-opt or otherwise neutralise important indige-nous challenges, such as that of Islamic Jihad. This last point, however, may be changing somewhat with the recent establishment of the avowedly antinationalist Islamic Resistance Movement (Hamas).

The role of the United National Command

The first year of the popular uprising should have put to rest any doubts about the pre-eminence of the PLO in the occupied territories. It was nationalist activists who organised the massive demonstrations and general strikes which characterised the

one which cannot be reduced to Similarly, it was the Unified simple questions about the one's National Command (UNC), con-'control" of the other. Although sisting of cadres from the four the PLO is banned in the occu- PLO factions mentioned above, which took on the political leadoperate publicly, the movement ership of the revolt. By most accounts it enjoys the full as well as voluntary support and confidence of the vast majority of Palestinians under occupation, and this precisely because it is indistinguishable from the PLO. As the uprising entered its second year in December 1988 it became clear not only that the rebellion was made possible by the extensive PLO infrastructure which had been nurtured over the years in the West Bank and Gaza, but also that it could not have been sustained without it.

While it is one thing to show that the PLO is not external to the occupied territories, enjoys tremendous support there, and is the only viable indigenous move-ment (as indicated by the off-repeated slogan: "The PLO is the Palestinian people and the Palestinian people is the PLO"), it is quite another to gauge popular Palestinian support for a particular line being followed by the leadership in Tunis. Until this point, it has been conventional wisdom to state that while the Unified National Command directs the revolt and receives the required assistance from outside, the executive committee of the PLO takes the political decisions at the international level which are to achieve the shared goal of the two - an end to the occupa-

Because the UNC is a local grouping which must by force of circumstance function clandestinely and the PLO leadership, which represents Palestinians everywhere, has international experience but not the intimate, minute-by-minute knowledge of conditions in the territories, it was above all a logical division of labour. Its workings were made most obvious during the Palestine National Council session in Algiers (November 1988), when the "external branch" proclaimed

ing diplomatic campaign for rec-ognition while the "internal branch" organised support de-monstrations in the defiance of a massive Israeli military build-up and curiews which confined more than 1,000,000 people to their

United behind Arafat?

Indeed, public opposition to the Declaration of Statehood in Algiers and the further concessions offered by the executive committee chairman, Yasser Arafat, in Geneva, has been noteworthy for its relative absence. While the PFLP painted slogans denouncing Security Council Resolution 242 and 338 and distributed speeches by Dr. George Habash, questioning the statements made by Arafat in Geneva, no one appears willing to risk an open confrontation which could (and probably would) split the UNC and spell the end of the uprising. Only the Muslim fundamentalist group, Hamas, hoping to capitalise on what it perceives to be popular disillusionment with a two-state solution, has intensified its attacks on the "treason" of the PLO. But its impact, as indicated by its violent enforcement of general strikes (as opposed to voluntary participation in those called by the UNC) is limited and may soon reach its saturation

While there is said to be a sense of resignation, if not betrayal, felt privately by many Palestinians in the camps of Lebanon and Syria, the situation in the occupied territories is somewhat different. It is these regions, and particularly the West Bank (whose refugee camp population is only 15 per cent), which have the most to gain from an Israeli withdrawal and a two-state solution. Additionally, the imperatives of the moment, as suggested above, have demanded national unity and have not been conducive to the fierce debate one might have expected. And, the moment of truth is still too distant to allow an

Haq's foot injury limits his

forays into Afghanistan to one

month or six weeks a year.

"When I do go I hurt my back

falling down ... I just try my best.

feel kind of guilty not to go."

I know I'm not wonderful, but I

Yet, even though there is a clear consensus in favour of the Algiers programme and all which of the Palestinian struggle for the

it entails, one can also sense a certain amount of apprehension national political situation. These da, it was asserted, presents a new revolutionary opening which merely another political card to

be played at the first opportunity.

a long-term strategy aimed at changing the overall balance of power in the region rather than deal under the existing circumst-As a UNC leaflet had put it a few months earlier, "Israel is no stronger than America and we ed by the PFLP was that if the PLO loses the gamble it has taken, it will have to pay up much however, anything may happen.

Indeed, a premature halt to the uprising may well mean the end foreseeable future.

In the meantime the uprising . with the rapidly developing inter- continues unabated. Any suggestions of a ceasefire in the absence fears were succinctly articulated of concrete progress toward an in a PFLP political statement independent Palestinian state is which was circulated shortly be- met with intimediate hostility by fore the PNC session. The mitta- both the Palestinian street, the UNC and the PLO leadership. '-This may provide an answer to should be strengthened, not the persistent question as to whether Arafat can call an end to the revolt. He is unlikely to con-Thus, the rebellion should be sider the proposition until the " utilised by the PLO in developing minimum demands set forth in the Algiers programme have been accepted by the USA and " Israel. At that point, given the exploited to get the best possible balance of forces within the PLO. the expected acquiescence of the ances of U.S.-Israeli hegemony. UNC, the amount of suffering which has been endured by the general population, and the depth of support the proclamaare no less than the people of tion of statehood enjoys, we may Vietnam." The concern express- begin to see the beginning of a

OPEN FORUM

WHY IS OUR EASTER IN **JORDAN LATE?**

By Father Musa Adeli

THIS is a question much asked by visitors coming into Jordan. Sometimes it is asked with a sense of shock! This year many pilgrims came to Amman from Jerusalem after celebrating Easter there on March 26. Entering a Catholic Church in Jordan, they were astounded to discover that they were still in Lent. They ask in ishment: Why is Easter in Jordan five weeks later this year?

The reason, of course, is simple: there are two different

dars. In this day and age? Yes, in this day and age. We take our calendars for granted. At the end of each year, we find the new ones all ready for us. But suppose we had to make our own. What would we do? Well, to start with, we've to decide if we wanted to divide the year into months and weeks and days and hours. If we did, how would we make the division? One way would be by measuring how long it takes the earth to revolve around the sun; this is the solar year. Another way would be by measuring how low it takes the moon to go around the earth; this is the lunar

If we made measurements, we would discover that in the solar year there are 365 days and something more (5 hours, 48 minutes and 45.5 seconds). The hmar year is shorter: only 354 days and something more (11.25 days). Thus we would discover that neither the solar year nor the hunar year can be evenly divided into days, weeks and months. So what to do? If we are making our own calendar, we would probably not consider the lunar month, since it lacks more than 11 days. We would have to tinker with the solar year. We would have to find some way of regularly adding in the extra 5 hours, 48 minutes and 45.5 seconds.

Since the earliest times people made their calendars and then adjusted then when they discovered that the extra time caused difficulties. The original Roman calendar had 304 days. In 45 B.C. Julius Caesar introduced the solar calendar, which became known year. But this arrangement was not quite accurate enough. The world was waiting for some one to come along and adjust it.

That person was Pope Gregory XIII who introduced a more refined arrangement that carries his name, the Gregorian calendar (or the "New Style" calendar). It slowly came to be adopted in Europe, such as Great Britain in 1752, and Russia in 1918. While Greece adopted the Gregorian calendar for civil purposes

in 1923, the Orthodox Church retained the Julian calendar for the celebration of its feast. That is why in Jordan, the Orthodox date for Easter is different from the Easter date in the rest of the West. The Islamic calendar, which has as its starting date July 16, 622 A.D., the day after the Hijra, is a lunar calendar with twelve lunar

months of 29 or 30 days with added days ("intercalated", as they are called) based on a 30-year cycle. For those who celebrate Easter this Sunday our most cordial wishes and greetings. This is also an appropriate time to invite all to pray for peace... for peace everywhere.

Easter Programme

Religious services in all Christian churches during the holy week

- F - 18

are at 5 p.m. onwards (in Arabic)
In English they run as follows:
Maundy Thursday (27/4/1989) Mass at 5 p.m.
Good Friday (28/4/1989) Prayers (12.00 a.m.) Holy Saturday (29/4/1989) Mass at 10.00 p.m. Easter Sunday (30/4/1989) Mass at 5.00 p.m.

Abdul Haq, Afghan rebel commander plotting fall of Kabul

By Grant McCool

PESHAWAR, Pakistan — In a guerrilla commander Abdul Haq plots the fall of Kabul.

He uses computers to store plans for military operations, strikes and civil disobedience in the Afghan capital and has detailed maps hidden behind sliding

"It's a waiting game for Haq, one of the most effective rebel commanders to have emerged from the 10-year Afghan war.

"The difference between us and other 'Mujahedeen' is that

we work inside the city with the people, the Afghan army, police forces and different regime forces within the city," he said in an interview at his guarded home in the north-western Pakistani city

Fighting against Afghan Communists has aged him far beyond his 30 years. His thinning hair, lined face and plastic artificial foot are among the physical scars of more than a decade of war.

"I have a belief that we've got to stop one day...It is sometimes too much," said Haq, commander for the Kabul area of the Hezb-i-Islami (Khalis) Party, one of seven Pakistan-based Muslim guerrilla groups fighting the Soviet-backed government.

Controversial for his criticism of the politicians in the sevenparty alliance who formed an interim government in exile in February, Haq is frank about the failings or rebel strategy in the siege of the south-western city of

"There was no contact between them and the people in the city, it turned to conventional war. But the main problem is that the Mujahedeen were too strong in that area, and they became too proud of themselves and did not use their brains," he said. "I know the regime is not

strong there. I know the people do not want to fight for the regime or die for them, but the Mujahedeen made them fight for

The stubborn defence of garrisons around the city, attacked in early March, has surprised the Mujahedeen and their Western supporters who predicted a quick

The rebels, heartened by the relatively easy capture of the important government post at nearby Samarkhel, pressed on to the airport but were stalled by air force bombing and the presence of dense minefields.

"Let me show you something,"
says Haq, getting up and walking
across to his desk in his thicklycarpeted study. It is a copy of a magazine interview published in

May last year in which he warned the inside, the soldiers will apply against such an assault on Jalalabad, saying the loss of possibly Haq, a short, rotund man. thousands of lives would not be worth it.

"So now if they carry on it will be bad and if they pull back that will also be bad," Haq said. Wounded 15 times, his foot smashed by a landmine at Paghman west of the capital 18 months ago, Haq has seen enough killing to make him prudent when it comes to committing his men to the task of overthrowing the. capital without a massive artillery assault that would risk killing

"We have to find a way to minimise the bloodshed...It is a question of tactics and strategy which can take care of the regime in such a way you don't lose many

civilians and losing sympathy.

Haq said there was a network of 150 to 200 groups under his command, some of them working within the government, among the city's 2.5 million people.

"Our plan is to wear the regime down with strikes or civil disobedience. Where the people

cannot put the pressure on from

pressure from the outside," said Haq said he had taken part in three coup attempts by the age of

18, the last of which brought him arrest and a death sentence. "The regime changed and my family bribed them to get me out." Based in exile in Pakistan with other anti-Communists since

1976, Haq has served as commander in his home province of Nan-garhar, of which Jalalabad is the capital, and in the Kabul area. He took over operations in Kabul in mid-1980, five months after the Soviet Union sent its troops to prop up the ruling People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan. The last Soviet troops withdrew February 15 this year.

Haq said he has been under essure from Pakistan, other Mujahedeen groups, the United States government and the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency to launch an assault on Kabul.

Too many people have been in our country and now we want to be left alone," said the commander, who is married with two daughters and a son.





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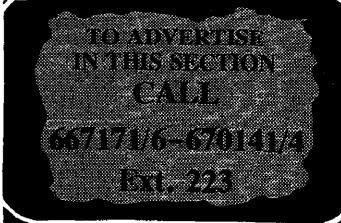
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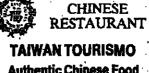




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EN BREF

Le président nord-yéménite à Amman

Le président du Nord-Yémen, M. Ali Abdallah Saleh, s'est rendu à Amman lundi où il a rencontré le roi Hussein de Jordanie. Le souverain hachémite a notamment expliqué à son hôte la "na-ture des événements" qui se sont déroulés depuis mardi dans le royaume. Il l'a également assuré de la "normalisation de la situation" et a souligné la "capacité" de son pays à surmonter cette "crise passagère". Le roi Hussein a en outre fait part au president nord-yéménite des résultats de ses récentes visites en France et aux Etats Unis. Cette rencontre faisait suite à la venue du président irakien Saddam Hussein, dimanche, dans la capitale jorda-

Sida, URSS. environnement à la une dans le monde.

Trois grands sujets domineront les soirées des téléspectateurs du monde extier la saison prochaine: le sida, les changements économiques et politiques en URSS et les problèmes de pollution. Ces trois hèmes reviennent en effet régulierement dans les catalogues des producteurs de télévision, présents an 26e MIP-TV (Marché international des programmes de télévision) qui s'est ouvert samedi dernier à Cannes, dans le sud-est de la France.

Khomeyni pour la réforme de la constitution

L'imam Khomeyni a approavé hındi les démarches conjointes du Parlement iranien et du Conseil judiciaire supérieur en faveur d'un amendement de la constitution du pays. Le guide de la révolution a nommé une commission de vingt deputés, parmi les plus hauts reponsables de la République islamique, qui sera chargé de la réforme. Réforme qui porte notamment sur la "concentration" des pouvoirs au sein de l'exécutif et du judiciaire iraniens. Le nombre des deputés du Parlement devrait par ailleurs être áccen

Le boeuf danois en question

Les abattoirs danois de "Slagtergaarden" on décidé de suspendre toute livraison de viande déclarations des autorités sanitaires saoudiennes et des Emirats faisant état de traces de porc (1% à 2%) dans les exportations. Selon le directeur des abattoirs danois, ce sont les additifs qui donneraient "les mêmes réactions à l'analyse que la viande porcine". Copenhague prend néanmoins l'affaire très au sérieux. Les hyraisons de boenf haché danois aux pays arabes représentent en effet quelque 85 millions de francs par an.

Une sorcière dans l'armée de l'air

Une jeune recrue de l'armée de l'air américaine, qui s'affirme sorcière, vient d'obtenir de sa base militaire le droit d'observer son propre calendrier de fêtes religieuses. Patricia Hutchins, 21 ans, a bénéficié dans sa requête du soutien efficace de l'aumônier de la base de Lackland, où elle a été affectée. L'histoire ne dit pas si le culte de Wicca, d'origine celtique, dont elle se réclame interfère ou non avec sa profession d'infirmière.

Un Thallandais mellieur récitant du Coran

Le 30e concours international de lecture du Coran s'est achevé hundi à Kuala Lumpur par la victoire d'un ressortissant thailandais. Ibrahim Harun s'est imposé devant un Iranien et un Koweitien. L'épreuve féminine a été remportée par une Malaysienne. Fandah Mat Saman. Les vainqueurs ont empoché un prix de plus de 2000 dollars. Trente cinq récitants de vingt cinq pays participalient à ce concours annuel.

Petit somme mortel

18

Un touriste britannique de 21 aus s'est tué dimanche en tombant du haut de la grande pyramide de Guyzeh, près du Caire. Le jeune homme s'était allongé sur l'an des blocs de la pyramide. Assoupi, il a glissé et a fait une cirute de plus de 146 mètres.

Premier avion nigérian

Le chef de l'Etat nigérian, Ibrahim Bahangida, a baptisé le premier avion construit par son pays le week-end dernier, à l'occasion du 25e anniversaire de l'armée de l'air du Nigeria. Le prototype, qui repond an doux nom de Coccinelle de l'air", doit servir d'appareil d'entrainement aux pilotes de l'armée nationale.

Paris-Istanbul-Damas-Amman...

Ma moto, mon chien et moi

L'italie, la Yongoslavie, la Grèce, la Turquie, la Syrie, la Jordanie... Thierry Chambon a déjà parcouru plus de 12 000 kilomètres depuis son départ de Paris le 13 février. Sur sa moto, le strict minimum pour voyager... Et "Roxy", son chien, couché sar le réservoir, qui partage ses aventures.

On connaissait Saint-Roch et son chien, immortalisés par l'ico-nographie médiévale. De là à penser qu'un toutou pouvait sans broncher faire le tour du bassin méditerranéen, couché sur le réservoir d'une BMW 800... C'est pourtant l'exploit que réalise depuis deux mois et demi un certain Roxy, paisible canidé à poils ras et noirs. "Il mérite le livre des records, plaisante son chauffeur et maître Thierry Chambon. D'autant plus que c'est lui qui-franchit toujours les frontières le

L'un et l'autre ont quitté Nanterre, en banlieue parisienne, le 13 février. Thierry, 28 ans, révait depuis longtemps d'accomplir un long périple. Une fois décidé, il a troqué son travail de frigoriste contre la promesse de grands frissons. "Si je n'avais pas donné ma demission, je n'aurais jamais

pu partir," explique-t-il. Roxy a suivi, non sans avoir subi au préalable un serieux entrainement. "Je l'ai habitué au bruit, aux chocs, à rester sur la moto". Le dressage a porté ses fruits. "Il est d'un calme olympien", affirme Thierry. Et de bonne compagnie. "Beaucoup de gens m'ont demandé sur la route pourquoi je m'étais encombré d'un animal. Je reponds invariablement que c'est mon compagnon, mon ami". N'allez pas en déduire que Thierry est un notard insociable. "Depuis le début de mon voyage, je suis rarement seul. Le chien, sa couleur notamment, attire les

La mission française terminée

Les bombarements out repris à Beyrouth dans la nuit de landi à

mardi, après une semaine de rela-

tive accalmie. L'intensification

des combats est intervenue quel-

ques heures sculement après la fin de la mission française d'aide

orfice market a file care.

L'équipage du pétroilier fran-

çais "Penhors" a dû pousser un

'ouf' de soulagement en quittant

les eaux territoriales libanaises

déchargé 2,000 tonnes de fuel au

terminal de Zahrani, contrôlé par

le gouvernement à majorité

musulmanne de Salim Hoss, puis

4 700 autres aux abords de la

centrale électrique de Zouk, en

secteur chrétien, le bâtiment a

regagné Larnaca. Quelques.

heures plus tard, le ciel de

Čes nouvaux duels d'artillerie

entre l'armée syrienne et ses

alliés, d'une part, et les troupes

du général Aoun de l'autre, ont

tion, par le Conseil de sécurité

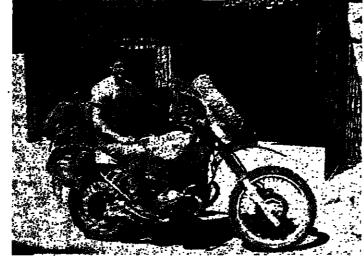
des Nations-Unies, d'une déc-

également coîncidé avec l'adop-

Beyrouth s'embrasait.

humanitaire au Liben.

Bombardements au Liban



gens". Pour la plus grande joie, sinon fierté du maître.

Thierry Chambon conçoit son aventure comme "un défi" qu'il s'est lancé à lui-même. "Je voulais voir de quoi j'étais capable". Et "voir le monde aussi" tout simplement. Bien qu'il parle peu l'anglais et pas du tout l'arabe, il parvient à se faire comprendre et à "apprendre". Un sourire, la bonne humeur, ça suffit souvent pour communi-quer, échanger des impressions", estime-t-il.

Ainsi évoque-t-il avec chaleur sa rencontre avec des chasseurs dans un refuge du Nemrut Dagi, en Turquie. "Je me suis retrouvé avec eux un soir. Nous avons partagé la nourriture, ri ensem-ble". Ailleurs, c'est la gentillesse d'un berger qui l'a ému. "Il m'a aidé à grimper sur le toit d'une station-service désaffectée pour que je puisse photographier une cigogne, qui nichait là-haut." Il se souvient aussi des moments difficiles. "En Anatolie, le temps était épouvantable. Vent glacé toute là journée et même tempête de neige". Dans le désert de Syrie, c'est un violent vent de

laration confiant au secrétaire

général de l'organisation une

Liban. Mission rejectée par la

Syrie. "L' internationalisation de

la crise libanaise (...) signifie que

la solution au Liban ne sera posi-

ble qu'après celle du conflit

israélo-Arab", a indiqué lundi

son ministre des Affaires

l'usine de Zouk a permis sa re-

millions de Libanais d'être à

nouveau alimentés en électricité.

La France a par ailleurs demandé

dès lundi à la CEE de "mettre en

place dès maintenant" une

seconde livraison de pétrole au

La veille, le Koweit avait don-

né son feu vert à l'accueil dans ses

hôpitanx de blessés graves liba-

nais. A l'instar de Paris, qui a

organisé la semaine dernière

l'évacuation de 89 victimes

musulmanes et chrétiennes de la

(D'après agences)

Le ravitaillement en fuel de

étrangères, Farouk Chareh.

mission de contaqet" sur le

sable qui l'a cueilli entre Palmyre et Damas. Autant de péripéties qui ne lui ont cependant jamais donné envie de renoncer.

Pas plus que la solitude, qu'il rompt périodiquement en contactant une radio locale privée de Paris, "Aventure FM". "Chaque semaine, je leur téléphone et je raconte mes aventmes". Son au-tre "point d'attache," avec la France, sentimental cette fois, s'appele Laure. "Elle m'a rejoint en Syrie, où nous avons passé une dizaine de jours ensemble."

En attendant de la retrouver en région parisienne en juin prochain, Thierry poursuit son aventure, qui doit encore le mener, après son étape jordamenne, en Egypte et en Israël. "Paurais en tout parcouru entre 20 000 et 25 000 kilomètres", pense-t-il. De quoi satisfaire l'énorme soif de connaissance qui l'habite. Une soif qu'il épanche dans un cahier, où il note depuis son départ ses sensations les plus fortes, "qu'elles soient agréables ou non". Avec une petite idée derrière la tête. "Peut-être écrirai-je un jour le récit de mon voyage", confie-t-

La Syrie au sommet arabe

"La Syrie prendra part au sommet arabe extraordinaire convoqué par le Maroc le mois prochain", a confirmé lundi le ministre syrien des Affaires étrangères, en visite à Abon Dhabi. M. Farouk Chareh a également rappelé que Damas était favorable à l'examen de la réintegration de l'Egypte au sein de la Ligue arabe au cours de cette réunion, ajoutant que les relations entre Syrie et le Caire "évoluent de maniére satisfaisante et positive."

Interrogé sur une éventuelle "réconciliation" entre Damas et Bagdad à l'occasion de ce sommet, le responsable Syrien s'est borné à indiquer que "la fin des différends (...) est dans l'intérêt des pays arabes". M. Chareh a d'autre part réaffirmé le soutien de son pays au Comité de la Ligue arabe sur le Liban et son opposition à toute intervention internationale. 'Nous rejetons l'internationalisation de la crise libanaise a-t-il déclaré. (D'après agences)

Démission du gouvernement Rifai

Le roi Hussein calme le jeu

Le roi Hussein a accepté lundí la démission du premier ministre, Zeid Rifai et de son gouvernement. Cette décision est intervenue une semaine après le début des troubles provoqués par les augmentations de prix et dont le bilan officiel faisait état samedi dernier de 8 morts et 83 blessés.

La vie avait repris son cours oormal à Ma'an, Karak, Tafileh et Salt, lundi matin, avant même que ne soit rendue publique la démission du gouvernement de Zeid Rifai. Démission que le roi Hussein a acceptée dans la soirée, en rendant hommage au chef du gouvernement. Le sonverain' hachémite a notamment souligné "les circonstances délicates et difficiles" dans lesquelles s'est dé-roulé le mandaté de son premier ministre. Il a également rappelé que les efforts de M. Rifai pour "l'assainissement des relations inter-arabes" étaient à l'origine de la création du Conseil de coopération arabe (CCA).

Dans le même temps, le roi Hussein a lancé un appel à la solidarité des Jordaniens pour "dépasser" la crise actuelle et 'sauvegarder" le royaume. Il a également demandé aux directeurs généraux des ministères d'expédier les affaires courantes, dans l'attente de la formation d'un nouveau cabinet.

Commentant l'accord conclu le 14 avril avec le Fonds monétaire international (FMI), à l'origine

Avant la rencontre Arafat-Mitterrand à Paris

Elections: l'OLP divisée

La majorité des dirigeants de l'OLP, réunis à Tonis du 22 au 24 avril, a accepté mardi le principe d'élections dans les territoires occupés, avant même le retrait des troupes israéliennes. A l'issue d'âpres discussions, le FDLP a néanmoins maintenu son refus. L'incertitude qui continue de planer sur cettee décision sera vraisemblablement évoquée lors de la rencontre entre MM. Arafat et Mitterrand, le 2 mai à Paris.

Qui à des élections sous occupation israélienne, si l'OLP participate au scrutin. La résistance palestinienne a accompli un nouveau pas en faveur de la paix mardi à Tunis en acceptant la proposition faite la semaine dernière à Washington par Itzahak Shamir. Toutes les organisations de l'OLP n'ont cependant pas sultation avant le retrait des troupes israéliennes de Cisjordanie et de Gaza, comme l'a rappelé Nayef Hawatmeh, le leader du FDLP, toujours opposé à une

telle "concession." Abou Iyad, numéro deux du Fatah, a indiqué pour sa part que cette décision ne signifiait au-cunement que l'OLP faisait sienne l'idée "d'autonomie des territoires occupés" avancée par le premier ministre israélien. Abou Iyad a également confirmé qu'une délégation palestinienne se rendrait "sans condition préalable" à Damas après la fin du

Ramadan, afin de promouvoir la "réconciliation" entre l'OLP et la

Zeid Rifai

des augmentations de prix (Le

Jourdain des 20-21 avril), le

souverain Jordanien a estimé que

son pays traverse actuellement

une période "de réorganisation générale," qui exige "la col-laboration de tous". (D'après

Agé de 52 ans, Zeid Rifai avait été

nommé premier ministre en avril 1985. Il avait déjà occupé ce poste de

1973 à 1976, cumulant à l'époque les porteseuilles de la Désense et des

Affaires érrangères. Il fut auparavant chef du cabinet royal (1969) pais conseiller politique du roi (1972). M. Rifai est diplômé de deux presti-giouses universités américaines, Har-

vard et Columbia, où il a suivi respec-

tivement des études de sciences politi-ques puis de droit et relations interna-

La quasi acceptation du plan Shamir a surpris les observateurs. Les dirigeants palestiniens avaient en effet indiqué dimanche qu'ils venaient d'informer les États-Unis de leur refus d'admettre tout scrutin en présence des militaires israéliens. Un membre du Comité exécutif de l'OLP avait notamment précisé que l'objectif de Tel Aviv consistait à "perpetuer l'occupation". La rencontre entre Yasser Arafat et le président français, François Mitterrand, mardi prochain à Paris, devrait sans doute permettre de mieux cerner les divisions qui persistent au sein de la cen-

Le tête-à-tête entre les deux

hommes, dont le principe avait a provoqué de nombreuses réactions d'hostilité de la part des organisations juives de France, dont certaines ont appelé à des manifestation pendant le séjour de M. Arafat à Paris, mardi et mercredi. En revanche, Marie-Claire Mendès-France, veuve de l'ancien président du Conseil, a déclaré lundi qu'il fallait "entendre et parier à Arafat." La présidente du comité pour la paix au Proche-Orient s'est également dite "absolument consternée" par l'attitude de la communauté juive française. (D'après agences).

trale palestinienne.

Hai: Rvad maintient les quotas

L'Arabie Saoudite a décidé de maintenir le système des quotas, limitant le nombre des pélerins par pays, à l'occasion du prochain 'Haj" à la Mecque, prévu pour la mi-juillet. L'émir Ahmed Ben Abdel Aziz, vice-ministre saoudien de l'Interieur, a néanmoins souhaité la participation des Iraniens au pélerinage. Téheran, qui n'a pour l'heure donné aucune réponse, avait boycotté le Haj de 1988 pour protester contre ces restrictions (mille pélerins par million d'habitants). Cette mesure avait ete adoptée lors d'une réunion de l'OCI l'an dernier à Amman, après les émeutes sanglantes de juillet 1987 qui avaient fait 402 morts. Selon l'Arabie Saoudite, 275 victimes de affrontements avec les forces de l'ordre étaient de nationalité iranienne. (D'aprés agences).

FIGURE

Témoignage

Beyrouth 1982

"Pleurs, tirs de balles, alleluias se mélangeaient tels une ultime symphonie: partez, partez... nos yeux ne peuvent pas vous proté-ger!..." Fathia Saoudi se souvient de septembre 1982, à jamais synonyme pour elle de "déchire-ment." Les Palestiniens quittent alors Beyrouth sous la pression des Israéliens, entrés au Liban le 4 juin précédent.

Dans son livre "L'Oubli rebel-le, Beyrouth 1982" (*), Fathia Saoudi raconte au jour le jour les quatre premiers mois de l'opéra-tion "Paix en Galilée". Quatre mois qui furent aussi les derniers de son séjour dans le pays où elle avait décidé de vivre et de travail-ler en 1976. Diplômée de l'école de médecine de Paris, spécialisée en pédiatrie, elle avait choisi d'exercer sa profession dans les camps palestiniens de Beyrouthouest et de Saida.

La guerre vient tout bouleverser. Les premieres bombes éclatent. Elles "tombent si près de nous que nous sommes projetés dans l'espace," écrit Fathia Saoudi. La peur s'installe, et la "folle inquiétude" du sort des amis, eux aussi surpris par les pilonages. Les journées de douze heures de travail ininterrompu se succèdent.

De ces mois d'horreur meurtrière, demeure le souvenir d'un profond désespoir. "Je me suis sentie moi-même refugiée," explique-t-elle, quand l'ordre lui est donné de quitter à son tour le pays, le jour où commencent les massacres des camps de Sabra et Chatila. "Aujourd'hui, je le sais, je ne veux plus vivre la guerre. Je ne veux plus voir l'homme dénudé devant la force métallique qui rase tout," écrit-elle en conclusion de son témoignage.



A son retour en France, où elle séjourne jusqu'en 1985, Fathia Saoudi ne pensait pas qu'un jour elle rendrait compte de ces mois d'enfer. "J'ai d'abord écrit pour me soulager, pour me défaire de ce cauchemar." Puis est née l'idée de publier "ce que les journaux ne peuvent raconter." L'auteur, jordanienne, a entrepris la traduction de son livre en arabe, dès sa parution à Paris en

Fathia Saoudi est aujourd'hui consultante auprès de l'ÚNICEF, à Amman. Elle prépare notamment un manuel d'information medicale sur la santé des enfants, destiné aux parents. Docteur en médecine, elle avait consacré sa thèse à la situation sociale et sanitaire des Palestiniens au Liban. (A.R.)

(*) Editions l'Harmattan, 1986, 169 pages. Disponsible en français à la librairie Firas (Djebel Amman, quat-

SORTIR

Concert

Amours médiévales



"D'amour est toute ma pensée, je ne me soucie que d'amour; ils diront, les méchants bavards, qu'un chevalier doit tout de même s'occuper d'autre chose, mais moi je dis qu'il n'en est rien. Car c'est de l'amour, quoi qu'on en dise, que procède ce qui a le plus de valeur, dans la folie comme dans la sagesse, et tout ce que l'on dit par amour est bien". Ainsi chante le troubadour, tandis que d'autres haranguent les foules pour guerroyer contre l'"infidèle", en terre sainte comme en Albigeois. C'est ce message d'amour, dont la rime souvent révolutionnaire érige l'égalité entre l'homme et la femme, que restitue le Grop Rosamonda. "Cansos" provençales des XIIe et XIIIe siecles, qui ont immortalisé l'époque de "l'Amour Courtois" et que Gérard Zuchetto. Patrice Brient et Jacques Koudir interpréteront ce soir. L'originalité de leur démarche reside dans la recherche de l'authenticité musicale. Chanteurs et instrumentistes passionnés par l'histoire médiévale, ils ont eux-mêmes fabriqué vièle à archet, rebec, citole, tympanon et percussions qui caractérisent le temps des poètes d'Oc.

Chansons et poésies des troubadours, par le Grop Rosamonda, jeudi 27 avril. Centre culturel royal, à 20h30.

A L'AFFICHE

CINEMA

In the heat of the night

De Norman Jewison, avec Sidney Politier, Rod Steiger et Warren Oates (1967). Un riche industriel d'une petite

ville du Mississipi est assassin population soupçonne d'abord un noir, puis découvrant qu'il est poli-cier, lui demande d'élucider le crime. Centre américain, jendi 27 avril à 16b00

La vie de Luther

Film allemand de Franz Peter Wirth, avec Hans Dieter Zeidler et Hannes Messener (1964). L'histoire biographique de Martin Luther (1483-1546), l'un des princi-paux acteurs de la Réforme et père de

la langue allemande moderne. Institut Goethe, samedi 29 avril à 20530 (en aliemand, sous-titré en anglals).

Ciné-club En raison du Ramadan, le ciné-

club ne propose que deux séances quotidiennes, respectivement à 20h00 et 21h30. Tous les films projetés cette semaine ont été primés aux Oscars. Jendi 27: Cocoon et The secused. Vendredi 28: Mainstoo et Travel by

Samedi.29: Ragging ball et Out of Dimenche 30: Quest of fire et Sophic's choice.

Lundi ler mai: Wolf American man in London et Raan. Mardi 2: Alien et Gandhi.

Mercredi 3: Kramer against Kram-

er et The bird. Ciné-club d'Amman: route de l'aniversi-

té, à droite après l'hôtel Jérusalem, puis première à gauche, 300 m. Films en version originale. Tél: 603901. **CONCERT**

Musique médiévale

Le Grop Rosamonda interprète chansons et musiques des poètes provençanx des XIIe et XIIIe siècles. Epoque de l'Amour Courtois, que les rimes des troubadours ont immortali sée. (Voir article ci-dessus)

EXPOSITION Peinture à la main

Dernier jour de la présentation des toiles de l'artiste français Jean-Francois Noble.

Jardins du Haya Arts Centre, de 20h30 à 23h00, ce jeudi.

TELEVISION

"Une mère de trop," téléfilm téalisé par Tonino Valerii, avec Barbara de Rossi et Sonia Petrovna. Une fillette, enlevée à ses parent, vit avec un couple qui l'a adoptée de bonne foi. L'irruption de la mère maternelle remet tout en question... (JTV, vendredi 28 avril à 17h36).

Restaurations de monuments dans la cité antique de Jerash

L'aboutissement d'une longue recherche

La porte sud du site archéologique de Jerash retrouve progressivement son aspect originel. Sa restauration, commandée par le département des Antiquités de Jordanie, sera en grande partie achevée pour l'ouverture du festival en juillet prochain. Prisée par les touristes, une telle renaissance architecturale ne represente pourtant que l'aboutissement d'une longue et minutieuse recherche. Une recherche, menée par l'équipe de l'Institut français d'archéologie au Proche-Orient (IFAPO), installée sur place depuis plus de six ans.

Dans quelques mois, touristes et festivaliers entreront dans la cité antique de Jerash par la porte sud, telle qu'elle apparut à l'em-pereur romain Hadrien en 129-130. Ses deux voûtes, surmontées d'un arc central seront à nouveau en place, comme le souhaitait le département des Antiquites jordaniennes.

La reconstruction du monument a été confiée aux chercheurs de l'IFAPO, installés sur le site depuis 1982, aux cotés d'archéologues italiens, polonais et espagnols. "La porte sud fait partie de la section dont nous avons la charge", souligne Jacques Seigne, responsable de l'équipe, qui compte trois architectes, une archéologue et un restaurateur. "C'est la première fois que nous entreprenous une restitution

d'édifice à Jerash", poursuit-il. Les travaux ont commencé il y a un an, avec l'arrivée d'un jeune coopérant architecte, Christophe Wagner. C'est à lui qu'est revenue la tâche de retrouver la forme exacte de la porte, puis de surveiller sa restauration. "Il a



d'abord fallu trier les blocs de pierre, dispercés ici et là, explique-t-il. Une fois sélectiones les éléments qui appartiennent au monument, je me suis plongé dans tous les documents susceptibles de m'aider à les remettre en

Un grand puzzle

place".

Parmi ces archives figuraient les photographies et les carnets de fouilles des archéologues de l'école américaine de recherches en Orient, qui travaillèrent sur le site de 1927 a 1932. "Pour connaître la position exacte des blocs, nous avons également étudié l'Arc de Triomphe, élevé lui anssi à l'occasion de la visite d'Hadrien à Jerash", ajoute Christophe Wagner. Les similitudes que presentent les deux constructions lui ont notamment permis de noter avec précision certains éléments de décoration ou d'agencement des pierres.

Le jeune architecte a égale-

ment bénéficié des fouilles et des

expertises effectuées par l'équipe

de l'IFAPO, ainsi que par les

année, viennent faire le point sur les dernières découvertes. "Les gens qui visitent Jerash ne se rendent pas compte de l'énorme travail qui précède toute restauration, et qui va de la fouille à la restitution graphique, en passant par l'étude des sols et les synthèses chronologiques et monographiques", souligne Jacques Seigne. Une fois terminé le relevé pré-

cis des restes de la porte, ses dessins et calculs sous les yeux, Christophe Wagner a fait tailler les pierres manquantes par les ouvriers qui l'assistent dans son travail. Ce n'est qu'après cette minutieuse préparation qu'a pu commencer la reconstitution du puzzle. "Ca fonctionne vraiment de la même manière, précise-t-il. On prend d'abord les blocs dont l'emplacement ne pose aucune difficulté. Ensuite, on fait des

La porte est remontée selon les techniques utilisées à l'époque romaine. Les pierres sont posées les unes sur les autres. l'ensemble étant ensuite consolidé par un mortier. Seules modifications: le missious temporaires, qui chaque maçonnage, qui ne consiste plus

essais".



humide... et le recours à une grue pour déplacer les blocs, qui pè-

sent en moyenne huit cents à neuf

cents kilos.

L'IFAPO a également entrepris la restitution d'un autre monument, à quelques dizaine de mètres de là, sur l'emplacement du sanctuaire de Zeus. Il s'agit d'un "Naos", nom donné aux petits temples grecs. "C'est un vestige extraordinaire, explique

Jacques Seigne. Il fait partie des ruines qui temoignent de la période hellénistique, antérieure la conquête romaine". Secteur-clé Plus ancien monument jamais mis à jour à Jerash, ce "Naos" se trouve être également le plus

type oriental (forme carrée) répertorié dans le région. Autre intérêt, et non des moindres pour sa restauration: démonté pour servir à d'autres constructions à l'époque de la domination romaine, la plupart de ses éléments ont été conservés.

vieux temple hellénistique de

Ces restaurations illustrent

la cité hellénistique, romaine puis byzantine". La terrasse du sanctuaire de Zeus temoigne elle aussi de l'intérêt historique de la partie sud de la ville antique. "C'est le seul endroit où nous pouvons retrouver les strates de toutes les époques, depuis l'âge de Fer jusqu'au XIIIe siècle", souligne Jacques

prend notamment le "tell", petite

colline artificielle proche de la

porte sud. "Nous avons la chance

de travailler dans le secteur-clé de

Jerash, reconnaît Jacques Seigne.

Nous avons en effet trouvé, il y a

quelques années, des céramiques

de l'âge du Bronze et du Fer, qui

prouvent que le "tell" constitue

le site du village d'origine autour

duquel s'est ensuite developpée

Seigne. Reste que sur les quarante mille mètres carrés de la zone confiée par les Antiquités jordaniennes à l'IFAPO, seul le quart a jusqu'à maintenant été systématiquement fouillé.

Alain Renon.

Americans get a first hand look at what it's like to be an Arab living under Israeli rule

Brothers in name

WALLACE Emerson of Palestine, Arkansas spent some time recently in another Palestine far from home.

Emerson was one of 12 members of a special delegation of ADC's Eyewitness Israel programme. What was special about this delegation was that all its members are mayors or chief executives of U.S. towns called Palestine, Bethlehem, or Hebron.

As part of its continuing effort to enable a broad range of U.S. citizens to learn about Palestinian life in the occupied territories, ADC organised this special Eyewitness Israel delegation expressly for the purpose of reaching out to people in small towns across the country. And what better townspeople to learn about occupied Palestine than those whose towns are named after places in historical Palestine, and what better time than Christmas, the season of good will. Before accepting ADC's invitation, several of the delegates checked with the offices of their senators and representatives. They were told that ADC is respected in Washington and were encouraged to participate in the programme.

The six municipal executives and their wives met in Washington Thursday, Dec. 8, for briefings by Bir Zeit University professor Beshara Doumani about the historical, social, and political aspects of Palestine. Former Eyewitness Israel delegates Laura Cooley and Rick McDowell spoke about the current situation in the occupied territories and what to expect on the trip.

Emerson, whose Palestine has a population of 1,200, was making his first trip overseas. He noted that, "If the mayors of our communities can contribute in any way, it's a real important mission for us."

Danny Allison, the mayor of Palestine, Texas (population 15,948), also saw in the trip a direct role for himself: "It's a chance to tell people how I perceive the situation there firsthand, instead of how the news media presents it."

The other members of the de-

THERE is encouraging news for

the dedicated workaholic. The

latest psychiatric thinking is that

he is likely to outlive those

Indeed, they had better watch

jealous colleagues, the office

out for themselves, says a leading American psychiatrist. For the

chances are that as angry young

men they will not survive to

a recipe for a premature demise,

according to Professor Redford

B. Williams of the Durham Uni-

versity Medical Centre in North

Carolina. He believes that in-

herently hostile people are five

times as likely to die before the age of 50 as those of calmer and

more trusting dispositions.

Dr. Williams's ideas tend to

contradict earlier theories that

the hard-drivings, career-con-

scious and competitive personal-

ity is prone to heart disease in

middle-age. Quick-tempered

doubters are those hurtling to-

Anger and cynicism amount to

become angry old men.

cynics.

Jeanie Allison: Kenneth Rehling. mayor of Hebron, North Dakota (population 1,078) and his wife Judy; Carmen Chick, mayor of East Palestine, Ohio (population 5,306) and his wife Esther; George Eggert, first selectperson of Bethlehem, Connecticut (population 800) and his wife Mary Ann; and Richard Bell. town board president of Hebron, Indiana (population 2,696) and his wife jill.

At a farewell function Dec. 9, Arab League Ambassador Clovis Maksoud emphasised the need for the delegates to keep an open mind and give Palestinians a

"It is crucial that middle America, which is a constituency of conscience, develops the immunity against the distortion of the Palestinian images that have been so recurrent in the United States and that have for too long disabled the American people to perceive the realities in the Palestinian question. We are not asking you to be advocates. We are asking you to be fair."

Maksoud also struck a note of wistfulness: "Therefore, we welcome you to Palestine, to Hebron, to Bethlehem and hopefully also to other towns and cities in the new state of Palestine. You might be the first American delegation to the state of Palestine. and I think this in itself is historic. Perhaps the state is occupied... Perhaps you will be told that you are going to see human sufferings and uprisings ... But let me tell you ... you are on the threshold of being the first Americans to the Palestinian state. You might be able to tell your children and grandchildren that we were witnesses to the birth of a new

A concept changed

Emerson responded, "He kind of makes me feel like we will be a part of the rebirth of Palestine. And, historically speaking, that makes me feel very close to the Palestinian people.

Before I got involved in (Eyewitness Israel), my conception of the Palestinians was about the same as everybody else in our

different nervous system from

those who opt for the tranquil life

When the latter to get aroused

their nervous system reacts by

and think nice thoughts.

has been misrepresented or suppressed. I'm looking forward to seeing the area for myself."

Allison found himself in a similar predicament: "I have read about this situation, but I don't know a whole lot about it."

Upon arriving in Jerusalem Dec. 10, the delegation had little time to recover from their jet lag and fatigue before facing the realities of Israeli occupation.

The first two mornings, the group had their breakfast interrupted by Israeli soldiers teargassing a group of Palestinian girls walking to school.

The delegates visited many Palestinians in their village homes and in Gaza refugee camps and met with human rights activists, the head of In'ash al-Usra, the largest orphanage in the West Bank, and other Palestinian offi-

They also met Dr. Jad Isaac, an agriculture professor at Bethlehem University, which has been closed by Israeli authorities since 1987. Isaac, who gained acclaim for initiating community garden projects, told the group about his arrest and imprisonment in Ansar III for "growing tomatoes" and teaching people to be self-sufficient by growing their own fruits and vegetables.

The delegates spoke with the vice-chancellor of Bethlehem University, who told of Israeli injustices perpetrated upon the Palestinian educational system. Palestinian colleges and universi-ties have been closed almost continuously since the beginning of the uprising and secondary and elementary schools have been closed for months at a time. During the meeting, a rockthrowing and rubber-bullet shooting confrontation took place outside the hotel.

The delegates also met with their counterparts — Mayors Elias Freij of Bethlehem, Khalil Mousa of Ramailah, and Bassam Shaka'a of Nablus, in addition to the deposed mayor of Hebron, Mustapha Natchi.

Soon after his arrival, Allison said, "I can stand here two or three hours telling you all the area. I viewed them as a bunch of stories, and I've only been here

Stay calm — and live longer

into a lather over trivialities are hold. But the others have no such readily in everyday situations and

mad. Hostile people show greater

rises in blood pressure and this, in

the long-term, might damage

ing candidates for coronaries in

When they get mad, they stay

Those who work themselves before a state of apoplexy gets

and upset, says the professor, hearts and blood vessels, produc-

thought to have a fundamentally temper switches.

"switching off" anger-power long the 50s age range.

terrorists," Emerson said. "But I two days." Allison said he witnessee now that a lot of information sed four separate incidents of violence in his first six days in the territories. Nevertheless, Allison said that during his trip he did not feel threatened, "If I felt I or my wife were in danger, I'd cut it short and head for home.'

> The group visited Yad Vashem, the memorial to Jewish people killed by the Nazi regime. In addition, ADC organised a reception with the Vaticanappointed Patriarch of Jerusalem, Archbishop Michel Sabbagh. Finally, the group visited many of the religious sites in historical Palestine and had a tour of Israeli settlements in the West

On their return from Tel Aviv, the delegates had an unexpected travel companion in the person of ADC President Abdeen Jabara, who had been denied entry into Israel the previous day. In Washington, Jabara and the mayors held a joint press conference Dec. 19 at which Danny Allison read the following statement, signed by five of the

"The ADC has afforded us an opportunity, not as mayors or even Americans, but as one human being to another, to see for ourselves the situation in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

"The Palestinians feel like America has lost most of its credibility. America has always been the epitome of democracy; the champion of human rights. Yet we support with millions of American dollars a government that does not care about the rights of the people whose land they occupy.

"The Israelis have denied education to Palestinian children of all ages. I witnessed 12 and 13-year-old girls being tear gassed as they attempted to attend school. I talked with a college professor who was in prison for six months in Ansar III for trying to help the Palestinian people become self-sufficient in growing their own crops.

"I saw small children in hospit-

get involved in more rows than

the non-hostile group. In the su-

permarket express check-out, for

instance, the differences between

the personality groups is made

plain by reaction to the customer

who tries to sneak through with

Angry people react much more of items.



Palestine, Arkansas Mayor George Emerson with Palestinian family

als wounded by Israelis' live and plastic bullets; and families living in tents because their homes were torn down, because their son or daughter threw a stone.

"How can America continue to turn her face to these human rights violations? It is my hope that the American people will realise there is a nation of men, women, and children suffering in the Middle East at the hands of Israel and with the belp of the U.S. government."

Since his return, George Eggert of Bethlehem, Connecticut has written letters to his representatives in Congress condemning Israeli violence against Palestinians and was quoted in a Connecticut newspaper saying the Palestinian people "have as much a right to the land as the Israelis do."

The other delegates have also been active speaking to local groups and churches and appearing on radio talkshows. Danny Allison, of Palestine, Texas will be a panelist at ADC's national convention April 15 — Eyewit-ness Israel Report.

more than the permitted number

The new thinking is based on

many studies — including a 25-

year check on 118 lawyers. High

scorers in hostile personality

traits — despite their probable

effectiveness in cross-examina-

tion — were much more likely to

die before 50 than colleagues of

that Dr. William's own equanim-

ity was not unduly disturbed by

the findings of another recent

study which suggest a good fight may be an ideal ingredient of a

The U.S. Journal of Consulting

and Clinical Psychology reported that marital relationships could

be undermined by conflicts that

were swept under the carpet,

while partners pretended their disagreements did not exist.

eyeball row, on the other hand,

gave a couple a strong sense that

they could weather conflict

A table-thumping, eyeball-to-

Meanwhile, it is to be boped

greater tolerance.

good marriage.



deposed Hebron Mayor Mustapha Natchi



Bethlehem, Connecticut's George Eggert visits Bethlehem Mayor Elias Freij in his office

A juvenile story in four pranks

Max and Moritz

vear detention

"When the pitfall is prepared,

Loud and jeering shouts are

Bah! Come out here! Tattercoat!

Penalty: Maximum 18

"In one swoop he cleared the

He is crossing at a dash; No! A crash and then a splash!"

Offence: Possibly bodily

Max and Moritz are not the best pupils in Lämpel's school, and

their unfortunate teacher is

naturally one of their prime targets. And while Lāmpel is playing the organ in the church

"Max and Moritz tippytoed

Where the pipe was wont to

Max has seized it in his hand,

While it falls to Moritz's task

From the blasting-powder flask

Stuffed his pipe and hit the match.

Krroom! explodes the meers-

With a crash to wake the dead.

Hands, facade and apertures

And the hair's precarious hull

Burnt away unto the skull.

Offence: Serious bodily

Up into his snug abode

on Sunday...

chaum head

stand;

malicious damage

stoop, Ell in hand: Again a whoop

Tailor, Tailor Billy-Goat!"

Offence: Defamation

months detention

is a classic by the German poet and artist Wilhelm Busch (1832-1908) which has been translated into many languages and is read with enthusiasm to this day. However, what sets voung hearts beating, and causes nostalgia among grandparents, sounds a good deal more sober in the language of the juvenile court: theft, malicious damage and bodily injury. These are in fact the most common offences that occupy the juveenile courts. The step from the childish prank to juvenile crime is a very small one, as can be seen from Busch's merry verses and the somewhat less merry assessment by the Austrian criminal law of the actions they describe. Even if the deeds of our youthful "heroes" would hardly be likely to attract the maximum penalties, especially in the case of first offenders, branding as delinquents would be the inevitable consequence, with everything that implies. But even these slightly eccentric examples point to the use of a settlement between offender and victim as a more positive instrument of juvenile penology.

First prank

Three hens and cock are the widow Bolte's pride and joy. Max and Moritz decide to stir up this idyllic situation a little. They tie strings to pieces of bread and then tie the strings together. The birds are soon in difficulties:

"Right and left and rear and fore, They conduct a tug-of-war, Flutter up into the air, What a desperate affair! Gracious me, all tangled now And suspended from a bough! One last egg is laid apiece, Then comes death and brings release...'

Offence: Cruelty to animals Penalty: Maximum 6 months detention

Second prank

The inconsolable widow Bolte

makes the best of the situation, and commits her hens to the

"Max and Moritz caught the Fourth prank 'Up the roof!', their thinking

frying pan...

Max would hardly overlook Bringing fishing rod and hook. Allez-oop-da! Nice and soft, Chicken one is borne aloft.

Offence: Theft, burglary?

Penalty: Maximum 30 months detention

Third prank

to dispense a goodly gob
And to lodge it in the knob!
Calmly, with a gentle jolt,
Lampel shot the sacred bolt,
And with decorous dispatch The hard-working tailor Bock is well-liked in the village, and for that reason a welcome target for Marx and Moritz...

"Max and Montz, full of spite, Saw with mischievous delight Reeker-rawker, heartless prank, Are quite like a blackamoor's. At the plank from bank to

Offence: Malicious damage up to a value of 25,000 AS.

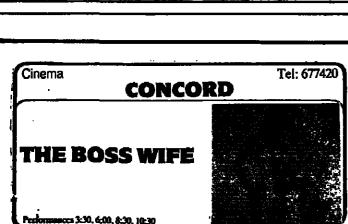
Peenalty: Maximum one years detention

injury Penalty: According to severity, maximum three

★From "Wilhelm Busch: Max und Monitz polyglott" with verses in German, English, French, Spanish, Italian and Latin. Paper-back, published by dtv-München. ISBN: 3-423-10026-5.

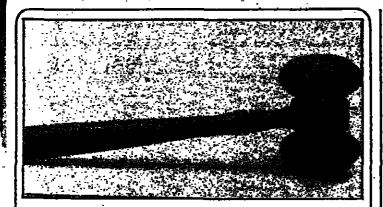
wards half-century coronaries, it





Cinema Tel: 675573 OPERA **BOB GOLD THWAIT** BURGLAR ~ 3:30, 8:30, t0:30 p.m.

Cinema Tel: 677420 PLAZA PICK UP ARTIST



Focus on People

Jordan as an offshore base

By Mariam M. Shahin

This week Sharif Ali Zu'bi a young lawyer, talks to Focus on People about the possibilities offered by the commercial laws in force in Jordan to increase the Kingdom's foreign revenues and its potential to assume the role of an excellent offshore base for foreign companies.

Born and raised in Amman, Zu'bi passed the General Certificate Examination at the Bishops Boys School before attending Charter House School at Surrey in England. He graduated in law and received a masters degree in 1985 from the University of Bristol. His specialisation was in banking and construction laws.

Zu'bi secured a practising licence from the Jordan Bar Association in November 1986 and joined his father's firm, Ali Zu'bi law firm.

It was no accident that Zu'bi became a lawyer. Being the son and grandson of lawyers, he had a very early exposure to the professional arena which he was to come to call his. Visiting his father's office as a child as well as attending court sessions on occasion, he was groomed to be what he is today, a legal "wunderkind" at 25. His decision to follow in the footsteps of his forefathers who began practising law in the early years of the century in Palestine and expanded to open offices in Amman and Bahrain was "not just for the sake of continuity of the family business," says Zu'bi: "I enjoy the challenge that the profession poses," he says. "I consider it as the most noble of professions if practised in a noble and ethical manner.'

Asked about the standards of the profession in Jordan, Zu'bi reiterated that "the profession has a good standard and like any other profession it can be improved upon by way of specialisation in certain areas of the law." The general trend in Jordan has been away from specialisation but Zu'bi thinks that due to the commercial expansion the country has witnessed there is more than justification, indeed, a necessity, for lawyers to specialise in certain fields in order to render better services to their clients.

The specialisation of the Zu'bi law firm is commercial law, banking, corporate law, construction and investment. Zu'bi points out that despite the somewhat outdated legal system that Jordan finds itself in, the Kingdom has fairly modern commercial laws. "The problem is that they have not been utilised to the fullest potential by any standards. he says. "Jordan's commercial laws have provided foreign companies and investors with privileges and exemptions that are, to say the least, very tempting. Jordan could be a very prosperous base for foreign investors both Arab and non-Arab to operate and invest; be it in tourism, industry, or agriculture. Secondly Jordan could be a very convenient offshore base for foreign companies, from which they could conduct operations and activities in the area."

Zu'bi laments the lack of publicity of investment opportunities in the Kingdom as well as the various exemptions and privileges offered to foreign investors in

Zu'bi points out that Cyprus, Bahrain and Turkey all serve as booming offshore bases to companies and investors around the world "although they offer less exemptions and privileges when compared with Jordan." Bahrain and Dubai have attracted most foreign companies because of their modern laws and the incentives they offer to foreign investors, whether in the local scene or in the offshore field. Due to wide and frequent publicity campaigns conducted by their concerned authorities, there is an immense flow of foreign currency to these countries.

Jordan, on the other hand, by not publicising and advertising more extensively the benefits, exemptions and privileges that it provides to foreign investors has not had the same chances of success. Zu'bi is of the opinion that Jordan could be a major banking, insurance and services centre in the region since it has all the basic requirements, including its geographic location and climatic conditions. "We have an abundance of skilled labour (relatively inexpensive) as well as sufficient personnel with professional training," he says.

"One of the things needed is a specialised government committee to review laws concerning investment and operations by foreign companies in Jordan" emphasises Zu'bi. "An improvement on the existing laws and facilitation of commercial transactions would also be beneficial. Once you remove bureaucratic red tape things tend to move faster and other investors will be given the courage to give Jordan a chance. Local industries are likely to benefit as well. I'm referring of course to export-oriented industries."

At this point Zu'bi believes that accommodating foreign companies and investors is essential if "Jordan wants to generate an inflow of foreign currency. At the moment there is a sizeable number of foreign-Arab and non-Arab investors in Jordan. In general it can be said that they are quite satisfied with their opportunities in Jordan or in their use of Jordan as the centre and base of their activities in the area. Government departments should do more to encourage such investments in Jordan, particularly in export-oriented industries and projects that foster the role of Jordan in tourism," Zu'bi says.

Above and beyond the purely commercial nature of foreign

investment, transfer of knowledge and technology, employment, and the development of industries will inevitably be generated by such projects, he says. While conceding that the projects generate their own revenues. Zu'bi is quick to point out that to get "the show on the road it is essential to have a group effort by both public and private sectors. The commercial advantages and privileges that Jordan provides have to be more publicised. Foreign investors should be made aware of the investment possibilities and the possible use of Jordan as an offshore base.

As far as Jordan's laws are concerned "there are loopholes, but nothing that cannot be plugged." At the same time, "both the private and public sectors, which have a stake in the prosperity and development of this country, should make an effort to make the country's benefits known to all and anyone who is interested."

(Sharif Zu bi is currently writing a booklet which emphasises the privileges and benefits that Jordan offers to foreign investors and the country's consequent viability to



A deceptive family idyli: Emperor Franz Josef with his wife Empress Elisabeth ("Sissy"), their second daughter Stephanic, and their son Rudolf dressed as a soldier.



Marrying was a political necessity for the House of Habsburg. The wedding of Rudolf and the 16-year-old Belgian Princess Stephanie was a popular festival, the marriage a fiasco.

The Mayerling tragedy

The following is the first of a two part article dealing with the life and times of Crown Prince Rudolf the heir to the throne of the Austrian-Hungarian Empire.

Tour no. 4 of the Vienna Sightseeing Programme is a must for tourists: a bus journey through the southern Vienna Woods with a visit to the imperial hunting lodge of Mayerling. What hundreds of thousands of tourists hear within the walls of the modest mansion house — now a nunnery — is more or less the bitter-sweet story of the hopeless love of a royal prince for a 17-year-old baroness, which ended with the death of them both. Even a hundred years later, the story is as good as made to measure for film producers and novelists, who during this entire period have operated what is practically an industry turning out Mayerling legends. The real Mayerling tragedy was, however, that it represented the beginning of the end of an era in

One hundred years ago,

On January 30, 1889, two bodies were discovered in the imperial hunting lodge of Mayerling, in the seclusion of the Vienna Woods some distance to the south of the capital city. One of them was the 17-year-old Baroness Mary Vetsera. The other was the only son of His Imperial and Apostolic Majesty Franz Josef I - the Crown Prince Rudolf; heir to the throne of Austria-Hungary; Prince of Hungary and Bohemia, etc.; Archduke of Austria, etc.; holder of 45 of the highest Austrian and foreign orders and decorations; Lieutenant Field Marshal; General Inspector of Infantry; Vice Admiral; Colonel of several regiments at home and abroad; Honorary Doctor of Philosophy of the University of Vienna; Honorary Member of the Academies of Sciences in Str. Petersburg and

Seldom has a death aroused the interest and imagination of contemporaries and later generations like that of the heir to the Habsburg Monarchy — it was quite simply the scandal of the century. The attempts by the imperial court to hush up the affair just aggravated the situation, because it opened the door to a torrent of inventions, stories, legends and scandalous insinuations. It was not even two weeks after the tragedy that a Dresden publisher issued the prospectus for a new novel entitled "Crown Prince Rudolf and the Drama of Mayeriing", ostensibly written by one Baron Zichinsky, who had "naturally" been a personal friend of the deceased. Shortly afterwards, again in Dresden, one could buy the 10-Pfennig instalments of "Austria's Darling and the Women". This was followed in Zürich by the novel The Hunter of Mayerling Hunting Lodge", while "Authentic Revelations..." came from

Right down to the present day, there have been more or less serious publications on the life and death of the unfortunate Prince, and constant attempts are made to solve the unsolvable the last and most secret motives of a suicide. All the so-called "puzzles" or "secrets" of Mayerling have in fact been resolved in the biographies of Rudolf by Freiherr von Mitis (1928) and above all Brigitte Hamann (1978), and the suppositions and inventions reduced to verifiable facts. The following sketch of Rudolf's life, his political ideas, and his death, is based mainly on these two standards works.

Crown Prince Rudolf was born on August 21, 1858, in the Palace of Laxenburg, to the south of Vienna, He was the third child of the ruler of all the Austrian crown lands, Emperor Franz Josef I, and his wife Elisabeth, of

family. Josef Strauss celebrated the birth by composing a "Crown Prince March" and a "Laxenburg Poka". A "Rudolf Hospital" was founded to serve the inhabitants of Vienna. The order of the Golden Fleece was laid in the infant's cradle, and an infantry regiment named for him. Something else that lay in his cradle, invisible but nonetheless real. was the curse that had lain on his Wittlesbach ancestry since the time of Ludwig IX of Hessen.

Wittelsbach connection

This Ludwig had been a peculiar, restless individual, pedantic and despotic, violent and uncontrolled, who suffered from paranoid fears and imaginary illnesses. These characteristics were transmitted to Rudolf's cousins, Ludwig II and Otto I, Kings of Bavaria. The first drowned himself in the Starnberg Lake in 1886, and the second died in 1916 after 44 years of twilight existence in psychiatric care. Three of Rudolf's great-grandparents had been Wittelsbachs and one of them a Habsburg - "A lot of Bach and a little Burg", as the contemporary saying put it. His father Franz Josef (1830-1916), of the Habsburg imperial dynasty, stemmed from the Wittlesbachs on his mother's side; the parents of Rudolf's mother, the young Empress Elisabeth (1837-1898),

were both Wittelsbachs. In view of this ancestry, Rudolf's education was of primary importance, Court writers described it thus: "He inherited his father's characteristic of true kind-heartedness, to which was added the devoted love bestowed on him by his illustrious mother... Thus, through the fine combination of his imperial parents, the noblest seeds were implanted in

the heart of the Crown Prince." The truth was naturally something quite different. Franz Josef had never known the meaning of kind-heartedness - all his portraits show nothing but an expression in his eyes indicating a total lack of feeling for others. Archduke Leopold wrote of the Emperor, his family head: "We felt his cold hand. We archdukes felt it more often and colder than the others. He went through our lives, a driver with no feeling. What we felt did not get through to him; he did not understand it. He was hard, and remained constant and remorseless. Franz

Josef was our destiny.' The illustrious mother took practically no interest in the upbringing of her child, for she was mostly on her travels somewhere or other, in order to escape from court and husband. Rudolf's parents were consistent in only one respect, namely that the father, too, devoted practically no time

Rudolf's education was entrusted to General Count Leo Gondre court, a raw and tyranthe Bavarian Wittelsbach royal nical martinet, who tried to force doesn't want to marry him."

to his children.

the sensitive and timid child to grow into a hardened extrovert. When the Empress saw her son after the lapse of almost one year, she found him "dangerously" nervous, and regarded it as "tterrifying, to try to frighten a six-year-old child with water treatment and make him into a hero"; such an education would inevitably make Rudolf "almost into an

Before she again disappeared on her international travels, Elisabeth issued an ultimatum that the Crown Prince's education was to be entrusted to Joseph von Latour. This tutor turned out to be a sensible teacher and fatherly friend, who taught Rudolf critical and liberal ways of thinking, instilled in him a love of science, and armed him against the then prevalent prejudices of rank, race, religion and nationality. The grateful Rudolf held him in lifelong affection and honour.

On July 24, 1877, just before his 19th birthday, ended Rudolf's formal schooling, which had supplemented the standards of the upper secondary schools with the principal languages of the Monarchy (particularly Hungarian and Czech), as well as military sci-

He was declared to be of age, and was given a new mentor, Count Charles Bombelles, a man of the world and typical courtier. The latter had already provided essential support to Rudolf's uncle, the unfortunate Emperor Maximilian of Mexico, especially as regards the arrangement of amorous adventures. Bombelles himself was a connoisseur of women, and now regarded it as his duty to ensure that his exalted master was kept in a balanced frame of mind by means of physical exercises and diversions of all kinds. He took every opportunity to entice Rudolf away from books into the open air, and arrange one "amusement" after another for him.

A womanizer

At any rate, it can be said that Rudolf's relationships with women were both early and intensive. This was regarded as rather less damaging to his health than excessively intensive intellectual interests, which were in any case a thorn in the flesh of conservative circles at the imperial court, especially as regards their ever-suspected liberal and anti-clerical elements.

Women were not a scarce commodity, certainly not as far as Rudolf was concerned. An imperial archduke stood in a sense over and above the normal bourgeois moral code. Furthermore, as Princess Louise von Coburg put it: "Rudolf was more than handsome; he was seductive." He was so assailed by women that he had to enlist the help of Vienna's chief of police. Rudolf's wife in later years complained that "as a result of the many affairs he had had with women from his early years on, he had a low opinion of women as such, and did not regard them as being of equal status."

However, the man of the world Bombelles did prove his usefulness during the year of international travel that his protégé was allowed after his strenuous schooling. Rudolf was particularly impressed by Britain, by its liberal system and advanced technology. He had struck up a friendship in Vienna with the somewhat older British Crown Prince, but now he also won the sympathy of Queen Victoria. The then 58-year-old Queen showed her affection for Rudolf so openly that Mary Cambridge joked to the Austrian Ambassador: "The Queen is in love with the Crown Prince, but don't worry, she

Nevertheless, the Crown Prince had to marry, and handsome daughters of European Catholic princely houses were few and far between. The prin-cesses in Madrid, Lisbon and Dresden were unattractive, so that left only Brussels: tthe 15year-old Princess Stephanie of Belgium was still "neither fish nor flesh," as her mother put it, but she had time to develop. Rudolf could all the more readily agree to the match since he took his current mistress, an actress, to Brussels with him for the engagement ceremony. It was a bit embarrassing that his future mother-in-law found out about her, but it was no obstacle to the marriage.

Fairy tale

The fairy-tale wedding took place in May 1881. All Vienna was dancing to the specially-composed Sttephanie Waltz, and the young bride reported that "it rained flowers from all sides, and we drove over rose petals." At the age of 16 she still looked so immature and awkward that Countess Larisch remarked: "The numerous ladies that Rudolf knew and loved were over joyed. With a wife like that there was no fear that he would ever

become a model husband." Contrary to expectations, however, the marriage was initially a happy one, and a daughter was born in September 1883. After that, however, the couple gradually drifted apart, and when it became clear that there was no prospect of a male successor to the throne — the main purpose of the marriage —Rudolf tried to obtain a divorce. It never came to that, however. Rudolf's farewell letter put it clearly: "Dear Sttephanie! You are free of my presence and burden...'

One means of escaping his wife's presence was hunting, a passionate pursuite with Rudolf. For this purpose, he purchased the small Mayerling estate in the Vienna Woods to the south-west of the city. He was actually far too nervous to be a good hunter. Att the age of 20 he shot a bullet through his own hand, while on another occasion (in 1885 or 1886) he very nearly shot his own father, because he had failed to observe the strict hunting rules. His bullet struck one of the beaters sitting behind the Emperor; the man was given 50 gulden as

compensation for the injury! Rudolf would have liked to go on to higher education after his school period, but his father insisted that he become a soldier. And so he joined the regiment that had been given to him at birth, and one year later became its commanding officer. In 1884 he was transferred to Vienna, and in 1886 ttook over the post of General Infantry Inspector that had been created for him. By now, he also had to carry out representation duties, which he did with pleasure on the occasion of scientific events.

He not only took the lead in the establishment of the Museum of Military History in Vienna, but also assisted personally whenever possible. In 1886 he lent his name to a 24-volume book series entitled "The Austro-Hungarian Monarchy in Word and Picture." Not only that, for he personally wrote the comprehensive introduction to the series, and several of the articles. Even more significantly, he was the author of several articles in "Brehm's Tierleben", the famous multi-volume publication on animal life that remains a standard work to the present day. Rudolf was a close friend of Brehm's, and felt considerably honoured when Brehm dedicated the second edition of

An American author takes a road not travelled by

Questioning the righteousness of the status - quo

By Paul Gray

ALICE Walker ascended from the realm of mere literature after Steven Spielberg's film adapta-tion of her novel The Colour Purple. The movie's huge commercial success — and the controversy that arose over its portrait of black males - ensured Walker's public renown as a woman with a cause, an author who, when she has a message, would rather write a book than call Western Union. Indeed, her poetry and fiction have always been, to some extent, polemical. Now that her potential audience has increased many times over, Walker, 45, has become more forthright about the burden of her prose: the horrors that whites have historically imposed on blacks and that men have inflicted on women. Perhaps these lamentable subjects cannot be exaggerated. But in her latest novel, Walker tries.

The Temple of My Familiar is almost all talk — monologues and dialogues, chiefly by and among black women. The skeletal plot is an excuse to get conversations going. Suwelo, a black professor of American history, travels from his California home to attend an

Book Review

uncle's funeral in Baltimore and to dispose of the house that comes as his inheritance. Sulweio is grateful for the respite provided by this visit; his wife Fanny (the granddaughter of Miss Celie. he heroine of The Colour Purple) has discovered feminism and wants a divorce. It is not that she has stopped loving him, as she tells him, but rather that "I don't want to be married." Gloomily, Suwelo decides that "his generation of men had failed women."

His spirits lift when he meets Mr. Hal and Miss Lissie, two old and aged friends of his uncle's. These two drop by regularly to talk and reminisce: they prove themselves remarkable founts of memory, particularly Miss Lissie, who confides that she has lived in back to the dawn of time. Relating her experiences as a slave girl being transported to America, she interrupts herself to warn Suwelo, "You do not believe I was there? I pity you."

Integrity and dignity

Suwelo believes, Short of hustling Miss Lissie out the door, that is probably his only option. For her voluminous story, to which a growing chorus of other voices gradually contributes, is an extended myth that must be taken on faith or not at all. Parts of it are enchantingly beautiful. She remembers primeval Africa as the Edenic cradle of life, when women and men lived separately

and thus at peace and when lions killed only to put ailing fellow creatures out of their misery. But then the men decided to force their way into residence at the women's encampments, which Miss Lissie sees as the first of many tragedies: "In consorting with man, as he had become, woman was bound to lose her

dignity, her integrity. More evil followed. Ancient Africa has home to white people as well, but they were driven out because their pitifully pale skins could not protect them from the blazing heat and light ("The white man," Miss Lissie notes, worships gold because it is the sun he has lost"). Thus was conceived whites' envy of blacks and a determination to crush them, a process that began, at least symbolically, in Greek mythology when Perseus beheaded medusa, who was really the Great Mother, the Black African Goddess.

None of this admits argument,

of course; legends, old or new, are not susceptible to logic. But when Walker's characters venture into more recent history. their opinions, to put it discreetly, seem open to debate. Is it, for instance, true that the white colonial powers driven out of Africa have tried to undermine the liberated countries by flooding them with pornography? Fanny's father, the Minister of Culture of a newly emerged nation, claims that "the reason millions of Africans are exterminating themselves in wars is that the superpowers have enormous stores of outdated weapons to be got rid of." Is this really the whole, or even a valid, explanation of the current slaughters across the continent? Fanny's mother discusses the viciousness that people, especially white ones, display as the consequence of cruelties done to them when they were young. "I shudder to think," she says, what Hitler's childhood was like. But anyone can see that the Palestinians and their children are reliving it under the Israelis

Ultimately, all of Walker's principal narrators reveal themseives as dictators manor countless incarnations dating ple who believe that the truth is whatever they happen to say and who will tolerate no dissenting opinions. The author rewards her actors with the good life, California style, where suitably enlightened men bake bread and Fanny can gloat over the advantages of elevated consciousness: "She was soon meditating and finding herself into the cosmic All. Deli-

> Walker's relentless adherence to her own sociopolitical agenda makes for frequently striking propaganda. The cumbersome ideological weight of The Temple of My Familiar will lead some. probably many, to praise it as a novel of ideas. But it is something else entirely: a novel of allegations. — Time Magazine.

The temple of my familiar by Alice Walker Harcourt Brace Jovanovich; 416 pages; \$19.95

cious.'



The author Alice Walker

Africans urged to cut reliance on foreign food

NAIROBI (R) — Africa should stop trying to eat like the West and go back to traditional foodstuffs if it is to eradicate famine, a new development plan for the continent says.

"Imitative modernism", in which urban dwellers copy Western lifestyles and eating habits. must carry some of the blame for Africa's inability to feed itself, it

The continent could produce abundant quantities of such staple foods such as maize, sorghum, millet, yam and cassava, said the plan which finance and planning ministers adopted at a meeting in April organised by the United Nations Economic Commission for Africa.

But Africa's ecology did not suit widespread cultivation of crops such as wheat, barley, rice and oats - grains much sought after for everyday needs like

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Arab Potash Company (APC) expects

to produce 1.4 million tonnes of

potash during 1989, to register 16.7 per cent increase over 1988

production, according to APC

In a statement published

Wednesday in Sawt Al Shaab

Arabic daily, Nsour said that APC hopes to earn \$130 million

in revenues during the current year of which JD 20 million will

Nsour noted that last year the

The company's current expan-

sion programme is bound to en-

able the company to produce 1.8

million tonnes in 1992 and 2.2

million tonnes in 1994, Nsour

The past year witnessed a growing demand for Jordanian

potash in international markets

which prompted the company to

consider increasing production,

especially to meet the needs of

the Asian customers, Nsour

He noted that Asian countries

prefer to purchase their needs of

potash from Jordan because the

Kingdom has a central geographical location between conti-

nents and due to its high quality

According to Nsour, the fol-

lowing countries import Jordan's

potash: India, China, South

company made a net profit of JD 6.8 million as its total revenues

amounted to \$113 million.

be a net profit.

pointed out.

Director-General Ali Nsour.

The plan, entitled "The African Alternative Framework to Structural Adjustment Programmes", warned that unless Africans ate more local food the goal of self-sufficiency "will forever remain unfeasible."

"In the circumstances, Africa will find itself in the always humiliating situation of food-dependit added.

The Lagos plan of action endorsed by African heads of state in 1980 enshrined the target of food self-sufficiency as the top priority for the world's poorest

But reports submitted to the mid-April ministerial meeting in Addis Ababa showed the target was still well beyond reach.

One quoted U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) figures which indicated that in two decades Africa would need to spend \$28.5 billion a year on food

Îts own agricultural exports, currently dominated by cash crops such as cocoa, coffee and tea, would earn less than \$12 billion annually by then.

The U.N. commission estimated that food and drink imports cost a total \$10 billion in - some 16.5 per cent of total merchandise imports.

Other reports portrayed the hardships of farmers trying to cope with outdated tools and technology, lack of research and fertilisers, environmental decay, locusts, and — in a continent plagued by recurrent drought inadequate irrigation aids and thus an overwhelming reliance on

rain-fed cultivation. FAO estimates showed that

Arab Potash targets JD 20 million net profit

cereal output in Africa jumped by capita food output fell by more one-fifth to 78.8 million tons last year, helped by good rains.

But many countries, particularly in North Africa, remained net food importers, according to the 1989 report of the U.N. Economic Commission for Africa.

"For the 1988/89 season, Egypt alone has imported nearly 6.2 million tonnes of wheat and coarse grains, nearly a third of total African cereal imports. Moreover, because of drought, both Tunisia and Algeria sharply increased imports in 1988," it

Civil strife has hampered food production and aggravated hunger in countries like Angola, Ethiopia, Mozambique and

Africa's bulging population, expected to grow to one billion by the year 2000 from 600 million now, adds to the problem. Between 1975 and 1986 per

"Today one out of every four Africans depends on food aid for his survival," said the U.N. commission's executive secretary, Adebayo Adedeji.

"With a population of one billion, where is the food aid to come from?" he said in an interview at the end of the Addis Ababa meeting.

"We will never achieve selfsufficiency in Africa as long as there is divergence between our food habits and what we produce," he added.

He mentioned Nigeria as one country which had attempted to tackle the problem. It once used to spend \$3 to \$5 billion a year on rice imports before banning them. It also halted barley imports and told breweries to use local inputs.

"That is the kind of change we are asking for," he said.

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Egyptair orders seven Airbus planes

PARIS (R) - Egyptair has ordered seven Airbus A300-600R jets, with an option on six more planes, Airbus Industrie said Wednesdy. Industry sources said the deal was worth between \$450 million and \$490 million. Delivery will begin in spring 1990. Egyptair, Airbus Industrie's largest customer in Africa and the Middle East, already operates seven A300B4 airliners and leases two A300-600s. It announced an order for seven Airbus A320S in

Kuwait, U.S. sign investment accord

KUWAIT (AP) — The United States and Kuwait signed an investment guarantee agreement, the Kuwait News Agency (KUNA) has reported. "The accord commits the U.S. Overseas Private Investments Corp., OPIC, to encourage American investments in developing countries where governments sign such agreements with the United States," KUNA said. The agreement will allow the Knwaiti investors the advantage of benefiting from services in developing countries that have signed similar agreements with the United States," KUNA said. "The agreement will also lead to the consolidation of bilateral economic cooperation and encourage the flow of investment funds and the transfer of American technology to Kuwait," it added. The United States has signed similar agreements with about 100 developing countries, including four Gulf states — Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Qatar and Oman. Negotiations are currently under way with the United Arab Emirates to finalise such an accord.

Foreign airlines threaten Italy

ROME (R) -- Foreign airlines are threatening to boycott Italy unless strikes that have disrupted air travel for nearly two years stop, Transport Minister Giorgio Santuz has said. He said foreign carriers had told him they would divert their normal Italy-bound flights to airports such as the French Mediterranean city of Marseille unless the situation improved. "The threat is a real one because of the uncertainty reigning in Italian skies caused by the strikes," he told a conference in the Adriatic city of Ancona. Air travel in Italy has been disrupted for nearly two years by repeated strikes by Italian pilots, flight attendants and air traffic controllers involved in contract disputes with the state airline Alitalia or

S. Korean current account fails sharply

SEOUL (AP) - South Korea's current account surplus fell to less than half of last year's level in the first quarter of this year due mainly to sluggish exports, government officials have said. The current account measures trade in goods and services plus certain unilateral transfers. Officials at the Bank of Korea, the central bank, said South Korea's current account recorded a surplus of \$1.3 billion for the first three months of this year - \$517.9 million in January, \$360.2 million in February and \$422.5 million in March. The January-March surplus is only 44.5 per cent of the \$2.9 billion surplus in the same period last year. The bank oifficials atributed the shrinking surplus to an export slump coupled with spreading labour protests and the strong won, the South Korean currency. The overall economic figures are alarming, the officials said. They especially expressed concern that exports, the mainstay of South Korea's economy, grew only 8.1 per cent in the first quarter. Analysts said the falling economic trend would continue even if the economy picks up in the second

Canadian firm wins control of Jerusalem Post

TEL AVIV (R) - A Capadian company agreed in principle Tuesday to buy a controlling interest in Israel's Jerusalem Post newspaper, outbidding some of the world's leading Jewish milhonaires, the owners said.

Hollinger Inc., a Torontobased company which owns 204 newspapers including Britain's Daily Telegraph, confirmed the deal with Israel Investors Corp., a subsidiary of the ailing Koor

Industries. Neither side disclosed the price for the 55 per cent stake.

"We have reached agreement in principle with Hollinger because they were the highest bidder. The details have still to be worked out by the lawyers, Koor's financial comptroller, Shimon Ravid, told Reuters.

Publishing sources said Hollinger bid \$20.6 million for the stake in the left-leaning English-language daily, which Koor is sellmg as part of a recovery program-me agreed with creditor banks and the Israeli government.

Hollinger President David Radler declined to say why his company had bid much more than other contenders, including British publisher Robert Maxwell, Canadian investor Charles Bronfman, Australian businessman Richard Pratt and U.S.based ex-Israeli entrepreneur Arye Genger.
One senior Israeli publisher

estimated the Jerusalem Post was worth no more than \$3 million. It has a daily circulation of about 28,000 rising to 50,000 on Fridays, and a weekly international

Joint editor Erwin Frenkel said Hollinger had given adequate assurances about the newspaper's editorial independence. "They have allayed our fears

and we have full confidence that

the character of the paper will be preserved," he told Reuters. The Jerusalem Post champions has been highly critical of the government's handling of a 16month Palestinian uprising in the

occupied territories. Frenkel said the Post's staff were relieved the paper had not been sold to Maxwell. Last month Maxwell publicly berated the editor of the Hebrew-language daily Maariv, in which he has a share

Argentines race against soaring price increases

An aerial view of the Arab Potash plant on the Dead Sea (File photo).

BUENOS AIRES (R) — Argentines went on a buying spree Monday and Tuesday, emptying supermarket shelves and exhausting stocks of cars, refrigerators and other consumer goods in a race against soaring price in-

In a whirl of hyper-inflation, supermarkets are marking up prices once, or sometimes twice a day, while the austral currency continues its free-fall against the dollar, having lost 25 per cent of

PALO ALTO, California (AP)

- President George Bush said

Tuesday that his proposed cut in

capital gains taxes is not "a tax break for the rich" but is needed

to help the United States com-

pete in the global economy.

Bush took note of criticism of

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Abdoun and many other

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Road.

its value in under two days and over 80 per cent since early

Korea, Taiwan, Malaysia, Japan,

Indonesia, Philippine and Thai-

land. He said that these countries

buy nearly 86 per cent of Jordan's

Nearly 12 per cent of the King-

Unofficial estimates forecast a cost of living increase of between 35 and 40 per cent in April alone, but flour, sugar, eggs and other basic consumer items have already tripled in cost in little more than a month.

wrong. Lower capital gains taxes

will create jobs for those who

don't have jobs, and help build a

Capital gains taxes are levied

on the profits that businesses and

individuals make on investments.

The president wants to cut the 33

better America."

Shopping Centre.

his proposal in Congress saying: \$10,000 a year. "Well, they couldn't be more When fully a

per cent maximum tax on capital congressional Democrats have

gains to 15 per cent and to ex- criticised Bush for pushing the

empt entirely the gains accrued capital-gains reduction, which by people with incomes under they term "a tax break for the

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The economic crisis has hurt the government of President Raul Alfonsin, which faces general elections in less than three weeks.

A Buenos Aires radio station reported Tuesday that customers had overturned carts of goods at one supermarket after the management announced over a loud

dom's potash production goes to

European countries like Italy,

France, Turkey, Greece and

countries in northern Europe,

He said that nearly two per

speaker that all prices were immediately raised by 30 per cent. Purchases of flour are often limited to three kilogrammes per customer and some products have disappeared from shelves altogether. Car dealers said orders for the next two to three months were booked solid.

Bush renews plea for cut in capital gains tax

When fully effective in 1995,

the tax break for capital gains

would apply to assets held for 36

months or longer. The theory is

that profits from those sales

would be reinvested, spurring

George Mitchell and other top

Senate Democratic leader

growth in the U.S. economy.

On Monday night the Associa-tion of Small Shopkeepers (CGA) issued a statement blaming the government for economic chaos.

cent goes to Tunisia, Iraq and

Egypt, the United Arab Emirates

and Qatar, while the rest goes to

studies to expand production em-

APC is currently involved in

the local market.

Economy Minister Juan Carlos Pugliese, appointed last month in a last-ditch effort to improve the economy ahead of the May 14 elections, said he was not planning any policy changes to control inflation or bolster the austral. He has branded exporters who fail to convert their earnings into

rich," while opposing legislation to increase legislation to raise the

minimum wage from \$4.55 an

mographic changes in the Amer-

ican labour force indicate that the

majority of new job-seekers in

the years ahead will be females,

To keep abreast of the rapidly

changing technologies and the change in the labour markets, he

said, businesses must have incen-

tives to make the kinds of invest-

ments that will create new jobs, and he suggested that many of

these new jobs will come in the

accessories.

minorities and immigrants.

The president noted that de-

hour from the current \$3.35.

australs as "financial terrorists." Exporters are pushing for a revamped exchange rate system. They currently receive just 36 australs to the dollar against a free market rate of over 90.

ploying new techniques as this has become imperative in view of

the rising potash prices on world

markets which, he said, are ex-

pected to continue rising during

In a desperate bid to lure investors away from the dollar and into local currency time deposits, banks upped the interest rate for short term deposits to 140 per cent a month on Tuesday, nearly double the previous day's rate.

high-technology area.
"Lower capital gains taxes will

create jobs for those who don't

have jobs, and help build a better America," he said.

Meanwhile, the U.S. economy,

surpassing the \$5trillion mark for

the first time, expanded at a

robust annual rate of 5.5 per cent

in the first three months of 1989,

the fastest pace in more than a

year, the government reported

The Commerce Department

said that almost half of the in-

crease in the gross national pro-

duct (GNP) came from a statistic-

al catch-up from last year's

King Fahd backs higher oil output

RIYADH, Saudi Arabia (AP) -King Fahd said in statements published Wednesday that he backs a carefully calculated in-crease in OPEC's oil production ceiling.

The Saudi monarch, however, did not mention any figure for the proposed hike in output by the 13-member group, according to the Saudi newspapers Okaz and

He said that an increase could be sanctioned if "the (OPEC) meeting finds the market's need is real, and the proposed increase will not affect the world market. "Then the surplus quantity can

be allocated in the quotas of the member states in accordance with the ratios and wathout harming any OPEC member state," the newspapers quoted Fahd as saying.

Fahd was speaking with a

group of Saudi citizens who called on him in the Red Sea port city of Jeddah on the occasion of Ramadan, the Muslim holy "Oil is a sensitive commodity

and we should not subject it to up and down experiments," he added. Saudi Arabia is the biggest

OPEC producer.
Saudi Oil Minister Hisham Nazer and his counterparts in the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council were meeting Wednes-day in Jeddah to work out a joint policy on oil production and

The GCC groups Saudi Arabia with Kuwait, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates, Bahrain and Oman. The first four nations are ranking OPEC members.

Kuwait Petroleum Corp. profits \$494m in 1988 KUWAIT (AP) — The state-

owned Kuwait Petroleum Corporation (KPC), one of the world's oil giants, has doubled its profits in the fiscal year ending in June last year, despite a decline in oil prices, the KPC's annual report has said.

The KPC profits until June 30, 1988, were estimated at 141 million Kuwait dinars (\$494 million) against 90.5 million dinars (\$317 million) in the previous year, representing a 56 per cent increase, the report said.

Kuwait is a ranking member of the 13-nation Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC). It had an average daily production quota of 996,000 barrels per day till the end of 1988, increased to 1,037,000 barrels said. per day under OPEC's new production agreement in force since Jan. 1 this year.

The agreement helped raise oil prices closer to the \$18 per barrel benchmark price set by the group after two years of fluctuation Oil Minister Ali Khalifa Al

Sabah suggested in a preface to the report that among the factors filling stations mainly in Scanthat contributed to the healthy dinavian countries, Belgium and performance of KPC were mea- Luxembourg and two refineries sures taken to ensure the flow of oil during the Iran-Iraq war, which was halted last Aug. 20 by

the deteriorating situation in the world-wide investment.

region resulting from the Gulf war and the escalation in the tanker war during the period that preceded the ceasefire by adopting certain arrangements which enabled it to ensure the flow of Kuwaiti oil to consumption areas," he said.

KPC reflagged 11 of its tankers under the U.S. flag and chartered three oil vessels from the Soviet Union to protect oil shipments against Iranian attacks.

The corporation managed to surmount the obstacles it faced on the world oil market by adopting flexible and positive policies and by exerting added effort to overcome adverse consequences at minimum sacrifice," Sheikh Ali

The KPC report equally under-scored satisfaction over a continued attempt to bolster its productivity and marketing installations outside the country. It said KPC "obtained firm standing into the European market that helped arantee marketing outlets for Knwaiti oil."

KPC has acquired about 3,000 with total capacity of 126,000 barrels a day in the Netherlands and Denmark

KPC is considered the world's "The corporation also faced eighth oil giant because of its

85.7 412.5

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Wednesday, April 26, 1989 Central Bank official rates

538.0 911.6 542.0 921.5

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

1.6970/80 2.1900/10 2.1085/95 1.6510/20 39.12/15 6.3250/300 1370/1371 131.68/78

6.3560/610

6.7850/900

Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs Italian lire Japanese yen

Canadian dollar

7.2730/80

French francs Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

One ounce of gold 384.40/384.70

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-2-

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Davis through with session to spare

SHEFFIELD (R) — Defending champion Steve Davis of England is through to the semi-finals of the world snooker championship — and he was barely broken sweat. The deadly Davis destroyed fellow-Englishman Mike Hallett for the second successive year, winning 13-3 Tuesday night to render Wednesday's scheduled third session unnecessary. But Hallett did manage the highest break of the event so far, a 133 in the 15th frame. In the semifinals, Davis will meet either Stephen Hendry of Scotland or Terry Griffiths of Wales, the fourth and fifth seeds who resume their quarter-final on Wednesday level at 4-4.

One-handed pitcher wins first game

ANAHEIM, California (R) — Jim Abbott, the one-handed baseball pitcher who starred on last year's U.S. Olympic team, won his first game as a professional when the California Angels defeated the Baltimore Orioles 3-2. He allowed just four hits, three walks and two earned runs in six innings Monday night as the Angels finally supported him by putting some runs on the scoreboard. California went scoreless in his first two games in the major leagues. Abbott, who was born with his right hand missing, helped the U.S. team win the gold medal in the Seoul Olympics where baseball was played as a demonstration sport.

Grieving Liverpool undeclaive on replay

LIVERPOOL (AP) - Liverpool football club, still mourning the deaths of 95 fans, was given until the weekend to decide whether to continue playing in this season's Football Association Cup. The Football Association gave the club the extra time after its directors failed to agree on whether or not to continue playing in the cup at a four-hour meeting Tuesday evening. "People are still very distressed... we fell unable to make a decision at this stage," said club chairman John Smith. The association had said it wanted Liverpool to continue in the competition and play Nottingham Forest in a restaged semifinal May 7 in Manchester. At the start of a semifinal April 15 at Sheffield stadium, 95 fans were crushed behind a steel-mesh fence or trampled to death. It was Europe's

Navratilova pulls out of French Open

MONTE CARLO (AP) — Martina Navratilova, the No. 2 women's tennis player in the world, has pulled out of the French Open, one of the Grand Slam tournaments, French tennis officials said Tuesday. Cecile Caradec, press spokeswoman for French Federation of Tennis, which runs the tournament, said they received the official notice from the Women's International Tennis Association Tuesday morning. No specific reason was given for the withdrawal by Navratilova, the winner of 18 Grand Slams, including the French Open twice. Navratilova relies on a power game and serve-and-volley tactics, better suited for fast surfaces like grass. The French Open, May 29 through June 11, is played on the slow, red clay courts of Roland Garros stadium in Paris. Navratilova lost her no. 1 ranking in August 1987 to Steffi Graf, who won the Grand Slam and the Olympic Gold medal. Graf beat Navratilova at Wimbledon last year, reversing the results of the previous year. Navratilova owns a 7-4 mark over Graf in tournament play but is 0-2 on clay. Navratilova lost the 1987 French Open to Graf, the first Grand Slam tournament Graf

Tyson sees degree as high point of success

WILBERFORCE, Ohio (AP) --Heavyweight boxing champion Mike Tyson said Tuesday he considers receiving an honorary doctorate from Central State University the high point of his

Speaking at a news conference at the University in West-Central Ohio, Tyson said he also has an honorary degree from Grambling University.

"There's no greater pleasure in the world than to be accepted by your own people," Tyson said, referring to the predominantly black Central State and Gramb-

Tyson said overcoming adversity is what America is all about. 'In my life I overcame a great deal of adversity," he said. "But I consider this particular moment the high point of all my success."

Central State University awarded an honorary doctorate of humane letters to Tyson, a high school dropout, during com-

mencement ceremonies Tuesday. Tyson said corporate America is to blame for not giving youngsters a chance just because they may not wear the appropriate

clothing during a job interview.

Q.5-Neither vulnerable, as South

2 🗸

O.6—Both vulnerable, as South you

≜AKQ83 ♥AJ6 ♦854 **♣**AQ

Pass

By Harris

DELBERT KRO MD

> **HARRIS** 4-12

A WELCOME GUEST

KNOWS WHEN TO

DO THIS.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-

sted by the above cartoon.

Jumbios: MOUSY CHASM MAMMAL UNRULY

Answer: What the pherson who sie crackers in bed

What action do you take?

The bidding has proceeded: South West North East

Pass 2 🕏

Look for answers on Monday.

What do you bid now?

GOREN BRIDGE

WEEKLY BRIDGE OUIZ

1 7

Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you hold: ♠73 ♡AQJ84 ◊AJ93 ♠J4 .2 Partner opens the bidding with one What do you bid now? no trump. What do you respond?

Q.2-As South, vulnerable, you you hold: ♦853 ♥972 ♦ 1643 ♦874 ♦KJ6 ♥K1063 ♦K8 ♠AK95 The bidding has proceeded: The bidding has proceeded: East South West North South West North East 1 NT Pass 3 ♥ Pass

What do you bid now?

Q.3-As South, vulnerable, you ♦K16 ♥K1063 ♦K8 ♣AK95 The bidding has proceeded: 1 NT 3 ♥ 4 ♦ Pass Pess

What do you bid now?

Q.4-Both vulnerable, as South you 47 ♥KQJ1082 ♦AQ8 +A106 The bidding has proceeded:

Unacramble these four Jumbi

CANTE

YEEPA

VALBER

HALVIS

THE BETTER HALF,

"Since I started taking the fish oil

capsules, I have an overwhelming urge to swim upstream and spawn.' FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1989

As Charted By The Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Activities move ahead slowly, steadily, and at their own pace. Being out and about is advantageous for many. Those shopping today should not be afraid to bargain. In-

sist on a good buy.
ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) The honey you have your eye on could be a bitter pill underneath the sugar coating. Energy could be misdirected.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Move forward and develop talents and intuition. A lucky cycle for love and romance continues. Entertain on your own turf.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) A money pinch calls for a scaling down of plans. Your apprehensions about a romantic interest are well MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to

Jul 21) It is an interesting, emo-tional period with a variety of stimulation. Things you werry over probably never happen. LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) You may have to get out the velvet hammer to maintain order. Building secur-

ity around basic issues is a good habit to form.
VIRGO (Ang. 22 to Sept. 22)
Focus on a search for a new en-

Don't throw in the towel and giveup. Just keep your cool. Weekend moods change. Evening socializing will be interesting. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) When

ARIES (Mar. 2) to Apr. 19) When you feel original you have creative energy galore. Design a novel approach toward joining someone in a mutual adventure.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Start new projects. Move forward at the workplace with new ideas. Distant news firms up travel plans. Act fast to close a financial deal. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Inspiration is everywhere. You are excited by new prospectives and activities. Popularity is glowing. Travel plans can begin.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) You love activity and stimulation. A good mood makes you want to give more than you receive.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) You are not being as cooperative as you can
be. Surprises are in store if you remain adaptable. Additional sleep
will recharge the body.
VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22)
Associates are argumentative, and Give attention to productive ideas.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You worry over unimportant matters.

Return phone calls and answer mail immediately. Organize time for

maximum efficiency.
SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Home entertainment may be on your mind. Be yielding when a minor understanding arises over an

Treat yourself by doing the things that you enjoy. A frolic over the weekend, including a short trip, would give you an emotional lift.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)

YOUR HOROSCOPE

Boredom can plague you. Develop solitary pursuits.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You

can express your creative, social image to great advantage. Unexpected events can move your career forward. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nev. 21)

Those who see your quiet approach can misinterpret your actions as sloof and snobbish. Add more flare to your method of operation. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Don't repeat what you hear through the grapevine until you double-check all the facts. Compromise will help seal the deal. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) By assuming additional responsibilities you will advance your finances, It is not megabucks, but every little bit will help at this time. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Peb. 19) Being with those you care about ng with those you care about

will help to keep you centered. Rela-tions go haywire when your angel turns out to be a dud. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Life can be trendy when you associate

with a lively peer group. Explore new horizons. Experience is your best teacher.

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1989

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Cir- work is left incomplete. You may

irrelevant issue. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec.

21) Talents run aground when you get sidetracked. Learn how to concentrate your efforts and accomplish your goals. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)

Financial impulsiveness, along with an attitude that is overly includent, is self-defeating. Spending the future away today has limitations. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Your

natural innocence is appealing to others. Too many amusements can overwhelm you and interfere with a blossoming romance.

THE Daily Crossword by Avery P. Bronniek



aki area
52 Boat part
53 Vestment
54 UN gp.
57 "... is just
what -- in... (Riogers) 80 indian Ocean leland 64 Brisbana Gold Coast town 68 Yacucus 69 Esprit 70 Snaky 71 Tender sp 72 Pure DOWN

1 Wagers 2 Govt. org. 3 Roman ro 4 Emissary

6 Rip

. . . 1

10 Hockey great
11 — Lane
12 Chiller
13 Vegetable
15 Poetry TOTAL DESTROYSES
STATEMENT OF THE TENTON OF THE TENTO OF 24 Semilar.
26 Ms. Moreno
27 Twixt and —
28 Greeting
29 Gr. letter
30 Heraldic term
31 Street 38 Shrill' cry 40 Sea bird 41 Pro — 44 High nest: 46 Medit. Isle





World Hockey Championships ends three U.S. wins round, loses goalie

STOCKHOLM, Sweden (AP) - camp after the Canada Cup Team USA closed out the preliminary round of the World Hockey Championships with a 6-1 victory over Poland Tuesday,

for the New York Rangers, was brought to hospital after being hit by the puck early in the second period and X-rays showed he had a broken iaw.

"I will have to go back to New York tomorrow," Vanbiesbrouck won through but four seeds, in-cluding Frenchman Henri told the Associated Press. "The Leconte and Jakob Hlasek of jaw needs to get wired." Switzerland, went out. With his 6-4, 6-1 defeat, Dun-Vanbiesbrouck was hit in the

lower part of his face mask when can, ranked 61st in the world, a Polish shot exploded off his joined an exclusive club of playstick. The incident occurred abers who have lost to Becker in the out six minutes into the second principality where he lives. There was only one previous member but a distinguished one period during a Polish power

- no less than Romanian Ilie almost identical injury two years Nastase, who was beaten by the ago when Tomas Sandstrom West German in 1985. accidently hit him with a shot in "It was almost like I won the tournament when I came off the face at the Rangers training

court," second seed Becker said." Everyone came to congratulate me like it was a big thing and, to be honest, it was also very special for me to get past the first match.' Swede Wilander also put his

Becker

year jinx

MONTE CARLO (R) — Boris

Becker ended a three-year segu-

ence of losing his opening match at his home club when he beat

American Lawson Duncan in

straight sets at the \$600,000

Monte Carlo Open tennis Grand

Prix on Tuesday.

Top seed Mats Wilander also

recent bad form behind him, as well as memories of a first round defeat to Claudio Pistolesi of Italy last year, with a 7-6, 6-1 win over another Italian, teenager Diego Nargiso.

Leconte walked off court when trailing West German Patrick Kuehnen 6-3, 3-1. "I could see he had problems serving," Kuehnen said. "But I was surprised when he walked off. He told me he had problems with his back."

None of the other three seeds who lost in the second round the opening match for the top 16 who all had first round byes are at their best on clay.

Fourth seed Hlasek was hammered 6-4, 6-1 by Argentine Martin Jaite while Slobodan Zivojinovic of Yugoslavia (11th) and Australian Mark Woodforde (15th) both lost in straight sets to Swede Jan Gunnarsson and Uruguayan Marcelo Filippini respec-

beside Terra Santa College.

tournament. He missed six NHL Sandstrom, the Rangers' sharpshooter, is playing for Sweden in the world champbut lost its goalie to injury.

John Vanbiesbrouck, who plays

Vanbiesbrouck had an 4.76 goals against average in four games and was ranked no. 7 among the championships' goaltenders going into the match against Poland.

Cleon Daskalakis, a former Boston Bruins goalie who played for Jokerit of Helsinki in the Finnish hockey league this season, will replace Vanbiesbrouck as Robb Stauber's backup goalie in the remaining championship

Team USA already had one player sidelined with an injury. Vanbiesbrouck, 25, had an Last Friday, defenseman Phil Housley of the Buffalo Sabres had torn collarbone ligaments in a 7-4 win over West Germany and has not played since.

Team USA completed the preliminary round robin portion of the tourney with a 2-1-4 won-tiedlost record.

Meanwhile, Finland beat the West Germans 3-1 in the only other game Tuesday. Jari Kurri. tied for third all-time in NH1 playoff scoring at 82 goals, and his Edmonton Oiler teammate Esa Tikkanen paced the Finns with one goal and one assist

The Americans play Poland again in the first relegation group game Wednesday. Finland and West Germany meet again in the other game. Each team carries its points from the preliminary round into the relegation pool.

Team Canada faces defending world champion Sweden and the unbeaten Soviet Union, 7-0 in the preliminary round, plays Czechosiovakia in the first medal round games Thursday. All final four teams strt from scratch.

Belgian stumbles into racing

ANTWERP (R) - Flamboyant Belgian businessman Jean-Pierre Van Rossem has devised a system he describes as an infallible way of getting immensely rich. His proof? A Formula One motor racing team he bought

earlier this year. Van Rossem, an extravagant figure with shoulder-length hair, was hired into the Formula One circuit by a young Belgian driver

who appealed for his help. Bertrand Gachot needed \$1.3 million to buy his way into the Onyx team. He did not have a cent but talked team manager Mike Earle into investing two million dollars with Van Rossem.

In Just over three weeks, Van Rossem earned \$7.5 million for Onyx with his system called "Moneytron". It predicts stock exchange indicators and informs clients what options and futures to buy at what time.

The money was virtually the budget needed by Onyx for an entire Grand Prix season and the team promptly signed Gachot in

FURNISHED FLAT FOR RENT.

Consists of one bedroom, sitting and dining room with

central heating. Good location in Jabal Luweibdeh,

THE NATIONAL MUSIC CONSERVATORY

THE FRENCH CULTURAL CENTRE

present

GROP ROSAMONDA

in Concert of Troubadour Music

at the Royal Cultural Centre Thursday, April 27, 1989, 8:30 p.m.

Tickets available at the Royal Cultural Cen-

tre, the French Cultural Centre and the

National Music Conservatory.

But Van Rossem's involvement

had only just begun. Outraged by an Onyx middle-man who had pocketed \$1 million from the investment's profit. Van

Rossem decided to buy the team. "I can't stand dishonest people. I call that stealing. The best way to eliminate that man was to buy the team," Van Rossem, 43, told Reuters in an interview in his Antwerp office.

But although he said he could turn Onyx into the richest Formula One team, Van Rossem said he planned no further investments. "We made a good deal, I won't

invest any more of my own. money. They have to find sponsorship and increase the sum I made for them," Van Rossem Onyx, who use Ford Cosworth

their preparation for the 1989 racing season. Both its racers, Gachot and former McLaren and Ferrari driver Stefan Johansson of Sweden,

V8 engines, are well behind in

failed to qualify for the first two races in Rio and Imola. "You can't work miracles in Formula One. It would really amaze me if the car qualified three times this year. But this is a

year to learn." Van Rossem said. "Earle and engineer Alan Jenkins have the ambition to win the world championship one day. they are. They think I told them I would help them. I interested in their job.

like the challenge," he said. Van Rossem, who drives a customised red Ferrari, now makes more money than he can

ever spend. He says it was getting very boring.
"I don't know what to do with (the money). I just bought a castle, I have about 20 cars mostly Ferraris - some of them

I've never even seen," Van Rossem said. It is all a far cry from the days when he had to struggle to keep his head above water.

"Five years ago I had nothing but debts. Computers that weren't paid for, typewriters unpaid, programmes unpaid. The system didn't work at all. Each time we put \$1,000 in it, we lost it straight away," he said. Van Rossem said it took him 25

years to make the system work. "Everybody's calling me now. But because we helped one team doesn't mean that we're going to help them all.
"From three major teams I

have received very interesting proposals. But it would be strange if I'd help rivals to make money," he said. With the Onyx team, Van Ros- 4; sem not only bought himself a

handful of racing cars but also 70 new employees. "I've never even met them. I should really visit them, see who they are. They think I'm not

INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY SCHOOL KINDERGARTEN CLASS AUTUMN TERM 1989

The ICS will open an English-language Kindergarten Class beginning next September Term for children aged 3-4 years. Children of all nationalities are welcome and the children do not need to know any English before they start. The children will attend School from 7.45 a.m. -

12.30 p.m. A bus service will be available in most cases.

The fee will be JD 150 per term (3 terms per year). There is a registration fee of JD 50 set against the first term's

fees. For further information please telephone the School Secretary on 841070.

Peanuts







Mutt'n' Jeff



Andy Capp





LATES JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Amold and Bob Lee

- 73

4. (5.) 32.

rates.

Stage set for confrontation

Students defy **Peking warning**

PEKING (Agencies) — Pro-democracy Chinese students defied official warnings Wednesday and said they would march on central Peking even at the risk of violent confrontation with police.

"Chinese students have not yet gered by the death of former lt the real lash of police batons. Communist Party leader Hu felt the real lash of police batons. Maybe it's time we did," said one

Peking University students, now into the third day of a classroom strike, said they planned to start the four-hour walk from their campus to Tiananmen

Square early Thursday.

Meanwhile, journalists on the country's most liberal newspaper, the Shangai World Economic Herald, said it had been taken over by the city's propaganda department. Founded in 1980, the Herald has often angered the authorities with its strong refor-

Police and troops mostly have anti-government protests trig-

TOKYO (Agencies) - An aide

who handled scandal-tainted

donations that belped to sink

Prime Minister Noboru

Takeshita's career committed

suicide Wednesday, a day after

the premier announced he would resign. Police said Ihei Aoki, 58, who

had served Takeshita since

1958, was found dead Wednes-

day morning at his apartment in Tokyo. He had slashed a wrist and an ankle with a razor

and hanged himself, they said, and he left notes to his wife and

several other people including

the prime min

Yaobang April 15. One demonstration drew about 100,000 people into the vast Tiananmen Square in the biggest spontaneous protest for 13 years. Police did not intervene.

Crowds of students chanted slogans against corruption and dictatorship and shouted for democracy and freedom.

Their calls for dialogue with China's leaders have been rebuffed during the most vocal and widespread criticism of the government since the "cultural revolution" endend in 1976.

Foreign diplomats and Chinese journalists said the confrontation had entered a new stage Wednesday when all major newspapers

Takeshita appeared shocked by the death. He told reporters he

had not seen Aoki's note but

thought it was possible that the

suicide was linked to the long-

"I strongly regret (his action). We walked side by side for over 30 years," Takeshita

Aoki had been in charge of handling Takeshita's political

funds, and his name rather than

Takeshita's appeared on loans

and share dealings with the Recruit Company that now are

under suspicion both for politic-

al ethics and bribery. The com-

running Recruit scandal.

published a grim warning against attacks on the Communist Party

Issued by the party, an official commentary said students were setting up illegal organisations, holding illegal demonstrations and inciting workers and

State television stepped up pressure Wednesday evening, announced that 10,000 party members had met in Peking and 14,000 in Shanghai to hear denunciations by senior officials of the student demonstrations.

Student leades said a three-day class boycott had spread to 41 universities around Peking, in-volving more than 70,000 students. At least four more schools joined the protest Wednesday, they said.

Major newspapers and radio stations throughout the country carried a harsh editorial by the People's Daily newspaper, the voice of the Communist Party, calling the student movement "A planned conspiracy" aimed at the that are hand-picked by universi-

influence with politicians,

bureaucrats, business leaders

Prosecutors had questioned Aoki several times. So far, 14

people face charges in the Re-cruit scandal but none of them

is a politician or political aide

Meanwhile, political factions in the ruling Liberal Democra-tic Party (LDP) continued con-

sultations to find a successor to

Takeshita. The Japan Broad-

casting Corporation said the process might take as long as 40

The ruling party also

and media executives.

like Aoki



Vehicles burn in front of government headquarters in Xian, southwest of Peking, after protesters attacked government buildings over the weekend

the official student organisations

mate which has stalled parlia-

ment for nearly two months and

ram through the national

budget despite a continuing

boycott by opposition parties over the scandal.

after months of revelations ab-

out large payments from the

Recruit group to most of the leadership of the LDP, includ-ing himself.

He said he would remain in

office until the budget passes

parliament, expected by late

May. Initial indications that the

opposition would compromise quickly evaporated and the LDP was forced to continue

relics of the era of his disgraced

But four years into his rule

Gorbachev still has not en-

gineered the promotion to the

Communist Party Central Com-

mittee, the party's top policy-

making body, of some key cru-saders for his perestroika reform

The slimmed-down Central

Committee which emerged from

a plenary session Tuesday lacked

reformist party chiefs from six

Soviet republics. Also missing

were 88 of the 115 local party

bosses, most of whom were named

since Gorbachev came to power.

Kremlin ideology chief Vadim

Medvedev, who gave the figures

at a news conference after the

meeting, complained that the

absence of many new leaders on

the top body "cannot but affect

TALLINN, Soviet Union (R) -

programme.

predecessor Leonid Brezhnev.

Takeshita resigned Tuesday

Key Takeshita aide — latest victim of Recruit scandal

overthrow of the government.
The Beijing Daily, meanwhile, ty officials. To add weight to the goverpublished an order from the city ment's hand about 10,000 troops government, telling the students to disband thier organisations. Most of the student unions were

from the 38th army, a special force for suppressing civic disturbances, took up positions in many formed last week after students buildings near university cam-throughout Peking voted down puses, students and Chinese sources said. Police followed suit.

budget discussions in parlia-

The LDP told the opposition

it would call a plenary session of

the Lower House Thursday,

an obvious threat to force

through the budget regardless of whether the opposition par-

"We are alarmed that the

LDP will railroad the budget

bill through," said a spokes-

man for the opposition Demo-

cratic Socialist Party.

Aoki, Takeshita's former

secretary, bought 2,000 shares

in a Recruit subsidiary and took

out a loan of 50 million yen

(\$380,000) from the former

stroke, Soviet leader Mikhail mittee."

Brezhnev period, now officially Gorbachev has rid the Kremlin

The committee earlier condemned as an era of stagna-

of the Brezhnev old guard, re-

moving a group often referred to

as the "dead souls" who were

officially portrayed as a brake on

presented as a collective resigna-tion, there was little doubt in

Moscow that it had been sug-

gested strongly from the top that

said in his opening speech to the

meeting, commenting that peres-

troika, with all the other changes

it had brought, also necessitated

grouping of forces within the par-

ty and within society as a whole.

This is dictated by new tasks," he

said, according to TASS news

The list of resignations read

There is a very serious re-

"Life moves on," Gorbachev

Although their departure was

Kremlin reform.

they step aside.

personnel changes.

Gorbachev purges party's

echelon of Brezhnev relics

leadership of more than a hundred approved the resignation of 110

ties take part.

New China News Agency.

Student leaders pledged to defy the warnings.

"If the government does not That is our right.'

agreed to a dialogue we will march in the streets," said Beijing University student leader Wang Dan at an open-air meeting attended by 2,000 students at the political science and law college.

president of the Recruit group. Takeshita announced his de-The LTTE, the most powerful of the Tamil separatist groups, cision to resign only two days has rejected an accord between after newspapers reported that Aoki had received the loan from

Such financial dealings have been widely interpreted as being political contributions to

Takeshita was asked by reporters whether the Recruit scandal had caused Aoki's

"I'll have to check his letters if there are any. But I think it is possible that pressures from the scandal could be one of reasons

Brezhnev period, now officially

They included the old leader's

Foreign Minister Andrei Gromy-

ko. his party control chief

Mikhaii Solomentsev, his last Prime Minister Nikolai Tikho-

nov, his Vice-President Vasily

Kuznetsov and his ideological

promotion of 24 junior, or non-

status, the Central Committee

now numbers 251, down from

But his complaint that there

were still important party leaders who are not on the Central Com-

mittee suggested that the Gor-

bachev reform team did not get

There had been widespread

speculation ahead of the meeting

that Gorbachev would seek to

have the Central Committee call

voting, members to full voting

With the departures and the

aide Boris Ponomaryov.

301. Medvedev said.

everything it wanted.

tion and corruption.

Tamil leader in Colombo for talks

COLOMBO (Agencies) — A Tamil rebel leader arrived in Sri Lanka from London Wednesday under tight security for preliminary talks with the government on

ending a bloody rebellion.

Anton Balasingham, political adviser of the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eclam (LTTE), was tak n by security men to an unknown destination.

Reporters were not allowed to meet Balasingham at the airport which was guarded by police commandos. Officials declined to give information about his whereabouts "for security reasons." Official sources said Balasing-

ham, a Sri Lankan Tamil who has lived in London for several years and taken British citizenship, was to hold preliminary talks later with the president's secretary K.H.J. Wijedasa.

They are the first direct talks between the Tigers and the government since representatives of Tamil separatist groups and the Colombo government met in 1985 in Bhutan under the auspices of India. The talks failed.

The Tigers are fighting to set up an independent homeland in the north and east where most of the island's minority Tamil community lives.

the Sri Lankan and Indian governments signed in 1987 aimed at ending the revolt. More than 45,000 Indian

troops have been deployed in the north and east to disarm the Figers, under the pact.

In a surprise move, the LTTE April 15 unconditionally accepted President Ranasinghe Premadasa's invitation for peace talks and nominated Balasingham as its representative for preliminary dis-

Earlier this month, Premadasa ordered a suspension of military operations against both.

soothe crowded jails

LONDON (R) - Women warders are cooling the atmosphere in some of Britain's tough prisons for men, government officials said Tuesday. "When they are on duty there is a calmer, softer atmosphere. Even the really hard men inside admit they have a soothing effect," a Home Office official quoted an ex-prisoner as saying. They help defuse depression caused by overcrowding and maintain discipline. More than 200 women warders have been posted to men's jails for the past 15 months. The only hitches have been minor. Some jails have had to build screens around open men's toilets.

Irishman confronts his double — dead

DUBLIN (R) - Irishman Seamus Lee arrived home after a night out on the town to discover his family making preparations for his funeral. The mourning began for the 31-year-old Dubliner when his shocked father mistakenly identified a tattooed body taken from the River Liffey as that of his son. Seamus Lee later visited the morgue to see for himself and told reporters: "They say everyone has a double - but mine is now dead."

Lincoln steps in to help library

ASHFIELD, Massachusetts (AP) — A small town library was set free from budget woes when officials found an original copy of Abraham Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation lying in a pile of refuse. "It was like a providential finding," said Maurice Isserman, a trustee of the Ashfield Public Library and a professor of history at Mount Holyoke College in South Hadley. Isserman discovered the document last fall as trustees were meeting to discuss the prospect of receiving state and federal grants. "Some-body said we could sell those old prints over there in the corner." Isserman said. "I walked over and looked at one and it wasn't a print, it was a document, and I looked down at the bottom and there was Abraham Lincoln's signature which was faded a different colour from the printed

Explanation retracted for mysterious baldness

MOSCOW (AP) - Foreign spe-

cialists have questioned a Soviet diagnosis that children in the Ukrainian city of Chemovtsy lost their hair because of poisoning by the metal thallium, the TASS news agency reported Monday. Dr. Gerar de Groot of the toxicological centre in the Netherlands told the news agency the quantities of thallium found in patients could not have caused serious consequences. But he and other experts, including one from the Geneva-based World Health Organisation, could not determine what caused more than 160 children to loose their hair since the autumn. In February, TASS reported that thallium, possibly carried from a Romanian chemical plant by acid rain, might be responsible for the health prob-lems. Chernovtsy is near the Romanian border. Authorities began washing streets more frequently, allowing only local drivers into the city centre and banning traffic altogether one day a week to reduce the chemical threat, TASS had reported in February. The mysterious ailment, the last case of which was discovered in November, afflicted primarily children under age 14 and caused "anxiety" among residents even since, the news agency said. No long-term health damage was done to the children, said Dr. Bartold Sankser, director of the Dutch centre.

Global

weather

(major world cities)

AMSTERDAM 03 37 08 46 Cloudy ATHENS 12 54 26 79 Clear BAHRAIN 23 73 32 90 Clear BANGKOK 27 81 35 95 Clear

| SUENOS AIRES | 16 60 20 68 Rain | CAIRO | 17 63 30 66 Clear | CHICAGO | 15 59 23 73 Cloudy | COPENHAGEN | 07 45 16 61 Cloudy |

| COPENHAGEN | 07 45 16 61 Cloudy FRANIGPURT | 10 50 18 64 Rain | GENEVA | 08 46 15 51 Cloudy | HONG KONG | 20 68 22 72 Cloudy | ISTANEUE | 10 50 20 68 Cleer | LONDON | 03 37 11 52 Cloudy | LOS ANGELES | 09 49 18 64 Cleer | MADRID | 06 43 15 59 Cloudy | MECCA | 23 73 40 104 Cloudy | MIAMS | 23 74 26 79 Cleer | MONTREAL | 01 30 14 57 Cleer | MOSCOW | 06 43 14 57 Cloudy | NEW DELH | 23 73 38 97 Cleer | NEW YORK | 08 47 19 67 Cloudy | PARIS | 06 43 08 45 Cloudy | PARIS | 06 45 Cloudy | 06 45 Cloudy | PARIS | 06 45 Cloudy | 06 45 Cloudy

ROME _____ 04 38 21 59 Cloudy

MON. MAX.

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06 43 08 45 Cloudy

Mikhail Gorbachev

an early party congress — the next is not due until 1991 — at which additions to the top'leadership body could be made. This did not happen. The Cen-

tral Committee also apparently decided to keep many communists who lost recent elections to the new parliament - including junior politburo member Yuri Solovyov, the highest-ranking casualty at the polls. Secrecy cloud still covers Chernobyl

Continuing what has seemed a

The usually unflappable pany is accused of trying to buy

Residents of the Namibian town of Owanmboland take refuge under the hot sun as a South African security force personnel carrier awaits a convoy. The security forces were scheduled to be confine

to camps from Wednesday from 60 hours to permit Namibian nationalist fighters to withdraw to

Pretoria frees 35 SWAPO men

OSHAKATI, Namibia (R) — South African-led security forces handed 35 captured Namibian nationalists to U.N. peacekeepers Wednesday as a "goodwill" gesture and in a bid to get the territory's independence plan back on track.

South African, U.N. and Red Cross flags fluttered over this garrison town near the Angolan border as Namibian regional police commissioner Hans Dreyer handed the 35 guerrillas over to Nigerian U.N. police monitor Ezidnma Ifejika.

The South West Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO) escorted by the U.N. Transition

Angola.

"The fighting is now over." SWAPO guerrilla Moses Lazarus told Reuters as he was led away. The nationalist guerrilla looked healthy although two of them were on stretchers after being wounded in the fighting in which nearly 300 of their comrades

South Africa said it was allowing four of the captured to stay in Namibia but the others would be

fighters were captured during bit-ter border fighting earlier this month and will now go to bases in Assistance Group (UNTAG) deep into Angola under the terms of a U.N.-backed peace plan for the territory.

A spokesman for the territory's South African administration said the handover, together with South Africa's pledge to confine troops to base in Namibia for 60 hours, meant the territory's peace plan was slowly coming back on

The South African troop withdrawal was due to start at 1600 GMT Wednesday to give any SWAPO guerrillas hiding in the war zone an opportunity to return

Three years after the Chernobyl nuclear accident, conscripts sent to clean up the site are still being kept in the dark about the dangers, according to a new group set up to defend their rights.

Ain Pajumae, a leader of the Estonian Chernobyl committee, said army authorities refused to tell soldiers the amount of radioactivity they had been exposed to and confiscated measuring devices his group tried to

At the same time, Pajumae said, there were increasing signs of ill-health among the tens of thousands who had worked around the Ukrainian plant since it exploded in the world's worst

nuclear accident April 26, 1986. None of the people who worked at the reactor know the precise dose that they received," said Pajumae, whose group — apparently the first of its kind in the Soviet Union - has been fighting since January for the rights of "Chernobyl veterans."
"Authorities instead continue

to measure radioactive doses collectively, that is for a group of For Pajumae, a physicist, the refusal to let the soldiers have

radiation metres is symbolic of a disregard for the health and safety of troops sent to Chernobyl from all over the Soviet Union. He said conversations with soldiers showed their working condi-

tions were often intolerable, with many exposed to excessive radiation with minimal protective clo-

most dangerous zones was a respirator, but that protects only against radioactive dust, not gases," Pajumae said. "All the men sent to the reac-

taste in their mouths which lasted for a long time after." Many on their return suffer continuous tiredness or obvious

symptoms of radiation sickness such as hair and teeth loss, he said. A few had died. Pajumae's determination to ex-

pose the extent of radiation expo-

sure suffered by those who have worked at Chernobyl and to ensure they receive medical help thing.
"The only protective device given to those working in the contrasts with virtual silence on the part of authorities.

policy of downplaying the con-sequences of the accident, the official press rarely discusses 'Chernobyl veterans.' Soviet film director Nikolai tor complained of a sweet acid

Mashchenko said last week the Atomic Energy and Health Ministries demanded he cut details on the doses of radiation suffered by Chernobyl workers from a documentary he has just completed. The chances of similar Cher-

nobyl committees springing up are unclear.

The star of "I Love Lucy" and similar situation comedies that

Medical Centre, where she underwent surgery to replace her aorta and aortic valve April 18. "The death occurred suddenly and without warning. She experi-

spokesman Ronald Wise. Ball had been bothered by a variety of maladies over the past

several years, including a heart attack and minor throat surgery in "Lucille Ball is the greatest woman clown in the world," fellow

Ball and her ex-husband, the late Desi Arnaz, established one of television's first major independent studios.

Desilu, as their production company was called, made some of the top comedy shows of the 1950s and 1960s, including "December Bride," "Our Miss Brooks" and "Make Room for Daddy." As testament to their value as prime-time stars, Ball and Arnaz

history and is a figure scarcely any TV star can touch 36 years later. The actress was last seen introducing the "Young Hollywood" production number with Bob Hope at the 61st Academy Awards

health and laughed freely throughout a brief routine with Hope.

Her last series, "Life with Lucy," co-starring frequent sidekick Gale Gordon, was carried by the ABC network at the start of the 1986 season. But the show, Ball's first series in 12 years, was cancelled after less than two months when it drew low ratings. Ball also played a bag lady in the 1985 TV movie "Stone Pillow."

considered one of the most challenging roles of her career. She was hospitalised for dehydration when it was over, but the movie was a minor critical and ratings success.

Book reveals blatant Western violation of S. Africa embargo STOCKHOLM (R) — Western sham companies are only part of was one factor leading to the

countries, notably the United States, Britain, France, West Germany and Israel, helped South Africa evade an international arms embargo and build up a powerful military industry, says a book published Wednesday.

The book, "Embargo Disimplemented - South Africa's Military Industry" by Signe Landgren, details how South Africa was able to continue building up its arms industry with Western know-how and materials despite a United Nations embargo, which became binding in 1977.

Landgren, a senior researcher at the Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIP-RI), concludes:

"The history of the implementation of the embargo is at the same time the history of its disimplementation. Smuggling by private agents, false papers and the story. Many sales of weapon technology have taken place quite openly."

Nuclear technology supplied to the South Africans in the 1950s helped them build two nuclear research reactors and a uranium enrichment process, later giving the South Africans the capability to build nuclear weapons, one of which may have been tested jointly with Israel in 1979.

Despite that, the embargo did bite in the aircraft industry, where the South Africans have been unable to produce new planes since 1977.

"As an example of the military impact, no Mirage fighter shot down in Angola could be re-placed... the beginning of the end of the war came when South Africa's air superiority was challenged by anti-aircraft missiles."

"The logistics problem of sup-

defeat at Cuito Cuanavale in Angola in late 1988 and this problem can be traced directly to the situation created by the arms embargo," Landgren said. But Landgren still identified

Italy, France, Britain, the United States and Israel as countries which had helped the South African aircraft industry over the Japan, France, West Germany

and Canada had helped the South Africans produce military vehicles, West Germany and Israel had contributed to its rocket technology while Austria and the Netherlands were among countries supplying the small arms industry.

Landgren said there was no internationally agreed definition of what constituted military technology. So even ball bearings from Sweden and special steel from Switzerland had helped the plying the South African army South African military.

Lucille Ball, queen of comedy, dies

LOS ANGELES (AP) - Lucille Ball, the zany, wide-mouthed redhead who reigned for more than 20 years as the queen of American television comedy, died Wednesday, a week after undergoing emergency heart surgery. She was 77.

continue in syndication around the world died at Cedars-Sinai

enced a full cardiac arrest. Her response to surgery over a week ago was excellent and she had been improving constantly," said hospital

comedian Milton Berle once said. "In fact, she is one of the great downs of all time, male or female."

signed an \$8-million, no cancellation, two year contract with the CBS network in 1953. At the time it was the largest in television

ceremony March 29, receiving a standing ovation. Looking sveite for her years in a fashionable slit skirt, she seemed to be in good